

INSURANCE

Non-Indian companies started in 1919 are writing four times their paid-up capital.

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZE SHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

REGD. NO. B 1068.

INSURANCE

The reason being that their people are solidly supporting them.

VOL. XVIII NO. 7-

BOMBAY WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 8, 1930.

PRICE ONE ANNA

BIDDING TIME FOR MORE FIGHTING PROGRAMME.

Subash Bose Opens Independence Campaign In Calcutta.

WON'T ACCEPT DOMINION STATUS.

"Let Our Countrymen Not Repeat The Mistake Of Ireland."

CALCUTTA, Jan. 7. "I may differ from the programme chalked out at Lahore but I am here to assure you I shall loyally work it out though bidding my time for a more fighting programme to come next year. So long as we are agreed on the common goal namely Complete Independence, there is nothing to be afraid of in a manifestation of difference in details of the programme. The real test is whether I shall be in the forefront when the crisis appears in the life of the nation. Need I tell you I shall not be found wanting when such a test comes." With these words Sjt. Subhaschandra Bose unfolded his campaign at a largely attended public meeting held this evening at Shradhdhanand Park.

"DON'T ACCEPT DOMINION STATUS." Continuing, Sjt. Bose said the question was asked whether he

Independence Resolution In U. S. Senate.

Has Senator Blaine No Following?

LONDON, Jan. 6. Washington—Senator Blaine has tabled a resolution in Senate recommending early recognition of independence of India and proposing that President should be supported "whenever he deems proper to recognise sovereignty and independence of India". Blaine is without following in Senate which regards resolution as joke.

was prepared to accept Dominion Status if granted to-morrow. In answer he would say, "if our cry for Independence is genuine and not mere diplomatic verbiage, we can never compromise our ideal. Even if Dominion Status is offered to-morrow, our duty will be to organise the younger section into a Republican Party as was the case in Ireland and keep up the agitation for Independence."

LET US NOT REPEAT IRISH MISTAKE.

Let not our countrymen repeat the mistake committed by Michael Collins and accept a lesser ideal in a hurry under a feeling of exhaustion and weariness. The flag unfurled at Lahore must not be lowered at any cost.—Free Press.

MR. SATYAMURTHI GETS BUSY.

Congress Council Party And Lahore Mandate.

MADRAS, Jan. 7. While the Congress Council Party is meeting on the 19th instant to decide the course of action in regard to the Lahore resolution, Mr. S. Satyamurthi has called for an informal meeting of Congress members of Legislatures on the 11th instant and appealing to his friends who have not already resigned to stay their hands until a common course of action has been decided. Mr. B. Muniswami Naidu, Lea-

der of the Justice Party, for sometime member of the Executive of the Congress has resigned his membership of the Congress in view of the Congress declaring for Independence.

Mr. Swami Venkatchalam Chetty, a prominent member of the Congress Party in the Legislative Council has to-day sent in his resignation of the membership of the Council.—Free Press.

ASSAM CONGRESS PARTY.

Leader Calls A Meeting.

GAUHATI, Jan. 7. Mr. Nabin Bardoli, leader of the Assam Congress Council Party has called a meeting of the Party at Jorhat to consider the Congress Mandate for resignation from the Councils. It is understood all the members of the Party will submit their resignations.—Free Press.

SWAMI VENKATCHALAM CHETTY RESIGNS.

MADRAS, Jan. 7.

Swami Venkatchalam Chetty, M.L.C. former leader of the Congress Party in the Madras Legislature has resigned his seat in the Council.—A. P.

OBEEDIENCE TO CONGRESS MANDATE.

Mr. S. C. Mitra And Boycott.

CALCUTTA, Jan. 7. In resigning the Vice-Presidency of the Bengal Congress Committee, Mr. S. C. Mitra M.L.A., says that the Congress has committed a mistake in accepting Mahatma Gandhi's programme, and he believes that it will do more harm than good now. Mr. Mitra disapproves the idea of asking lawyers and students to give up their respective vocations. He believes in Indian independence and is ready to stake all, but thinks that the old programme had greater chance of success this time. He feels that the boycott of the Legislatures is not necessary for Swaraj, but in obedience to the Congress recommendation, he might resign his seat in the Assembly, but his conviction of the utility of the Legislature for the coming fight will impel him to seek re-election. As the loyalty to the Congress stands against his conception of the interest of the country, he has resigned the Vice-Presidency of the Bengal Congress Committee and made himself free to serve the country according to his own light.—Free Press

GODAVARI RESETTLEMENT INQUIRY.

Congress Members In Committee And Lahore Decision.

MADRAS, Jan. 7. A doubt arose as to whether the Congress members of the Legislative Council who are now on the Godavari Resettlement Enquiry Committee should resign forthwith or after signing the Report of the Committee which is almost ready and whether it would be a

TUNIS-ALGIERS EXPRESS DROPS INTO RAVINE.

12 Persons Killed: 20 Injured.

LONDON, Jan. 7. Tunis.—The collapse of a bridge near Guelma as the Tunis-Algiers express was passing over the precipice made the locomotive, two full coaches and mail-van drop been killed and 20 injured.—Reuter.

INDIAN SCIENCE CONGRESS

Lt.-Col. Sewell Elected President For Next Year.

ALLAHABAD, Jan. 7. After holding some more sectional meetings for discussion on papers, the Indian Science Congress will conclude its 17th Session to-morrow.

The General Committee of the Indian Science Congress has elected to-day Lt.-Col. R. B. S. Sewell, Director, Zoological Survey of India, Calcutta as president for the next session of the Congress which will be held in the first week of January 1931 at Nagpur. Prof. Agharkar, Calcutta, has been re-elected as General Secretary of the Congress.

The General Committee also appointed a sub-committee of following members to consider alterations or additions to the present rules of the Indian Science Congress rendered necessary in the light of experience and to make definite proposals in connection therewith to the Executive Committee by the end of August next.

Bir C. V. Raman, Prof. J. N. Mukerji, Prof. H. C. Das Gupta, Dr. Beni Prasad, Mr. J. Van Manen and Prof. S. P. Agharkar.—Free Press.

MORE BENGAL RESIGNATIONS.

CALCUTTA, Jan. 7. The latest to resign their seats in the Bengal Council are Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose who has also resigned from the Calcutta Corporation, Mr. Jogendranath Maitra from Pabna and Surendranath Maitra from Rajshahi.—A. P.

violation of the Congress resolution, if they resign two or three days hence. They held a consultation with Mr. Prakasam yesterday when he advised them to send in their resignations, after putting their signatures to the Report.

In an interview to the Free Press on this matter, Mr. Prakasam said that although it is a technical violation of the Congress mandate, in a matter of the importance of the Godavari Resettlement Enquiry Committee which had been conceded to by the Government without the people going into the ordeals of Bardoli or Guntur no-tax campaigns and members of which had given their undivided attention to the question for nearly a year, a few days' delay in sending in resignations will be no violation of the Congress mandate.—Free Press.

A. I. C. C. MEMBER IN JAIL FOR SEDITION.

Calcutta High Court Admits Appeal.

CALCUTTA, Jan. 7.

Justices Pearson and Patterson admitted the appeal filed on behalf of Prof. Nripendra Chandra Bannerji, Memeber, A.I.C.C. who was convicted and sentenced to one year's rigorous imprisonment by the Additional District Magistrate, Alipur for sedition for speeches delivered on the occasion of the fourth anniversary of Desabandhu's death. It will be remembered that Mr. Bannerjee was already undergoing a sentence on charge of sedition for a speech at the Jessore Student Conference.—Free Press.

HOUSE SEARCHES IN DELHI.

"Riyasat" Sub-Editor In Trouble.

COMPLAINT FROM BHOPAL.

NEW DELHI, Jan. 7. The houses of four members of the staff of "Riyasat," an Urdu weekly of Delhi, were searched by the police this morning and an unfinished pamphlet criticising the Bhopal administration is said to have been seized.

This was done on a complaint filed by Khan Bahadur Abdul Rahaman, Advocate on behalf of Khwaja Mohammed Akramkhan, Inspector-General of Police, Bhopal, against Azfar Hussain, sub-editor of "Riyasat" under sections 292, 500, and 501 Indian Penal Code.—A. P.

NAVAL CONFERENCE

LONDON, Jan. 6. Rugby.—The Prime Minister, who is spending Christmas and the Parliamentary recess at his native town of Lossiemouth, Scotland, has been closely engaged during the past week in the work relating to the Five Power Naval Conference which opens on the 21st. He has been in telephonic communication daily with Downing Street and has

MEERUT ACCUSED AND CHRISTMAS DINNER.

"Mischievous" Report Contradicted.

The following statement is issued by the Central Defence Committee, Meerut:

"It has been brought to our notice that an Associated Press report has appeared that the three British accused in the Meerut Conspiracy Case observed Christmas Day by being entertained to a lunch unofficially arranged by the Commissioner. The report is slightly incorrect, and we consider it mischievous. The offer was made to us of a decent meal in European style, and as we had been over nine months in jail, we unhesitatingly accepted it. We do not consider that to partake of a meal on Christmas Day has any religious significance. We wish to make it clear that we are not religious and are definitely opposed to the celebration of any festival on account of its religious associations.

(Sd.) P. SPRATT, B. F. BRADLEY, H. LESTER HUTCHINSON. 4th Jan. 1930.

kept in the closest touch with the developments in connection with the Conference. Mr. Macdonald is due to leave for London on Thursday and on Saturday, will meet a party of delegates who are to be present at the Conference.—B. O. W.

NAVAL DISARMAMENT.

"Times" Suggestion To Conference.

RUGBY, Jan. 7. In a leading article discussing the forthcoming Naval Conference the "Times" to-day suggests that a practical step forward might be made by further limitation of the size of battleships. It says "The Washington Treaty left one loose end usefully trailing. It was a part of the plan of the American promoters to confine the first experiment in limitation of arms to existing naval strength. There is no other explanation why the maximum tonnage and therefore in practice the minimum tonnage of battleships, should have been fixed at 35,000 tons. Indeed no scientific reason has ever been advanced or can be advanced why battleship should be half that size. The only defence for these hyper-atrophied vessels in any navy is that another nation has built or will build them. Competition has created the 35,000 ton battleship, limitation has sanctified it, strategy does not require

BREAKFAST BEFORE SEND-OFF.

American Delegation As Guests Of Hoover.

U. S. AND NAVAL CONFERENCE

LONDON, Jan. 7. Washington.—The famous breakfast Party is being held by President Hoover at White House to-day to the whole of the American delegation to the Naval Conference preparatory to their departure later in the day.

It is learned that Americans are prepared to discuss further restriction of the building of the aircraft-carrier if the matter is raised at the Conference. Newspapers state that the delegation would also support a treaty on the line of the Pacific Four-Power Pact providing for consultation among the signatories of the Kellogg Pact in the event of war being threatened.—Reuter.

LONDON CONFERENCE AND EUROPEAN ASSOCIATION.

CALCUTTA, Jan. 7. At a meeting of the Executive Council of the European Association on recommendation of the Association's annual conference with branches, a decision was taken to place before the Viceroy and the Secretary of State, the Association's opinion that the London Conference should be held in 1930 and as soon as practicable after the issue of the Simon Report. The meeting considered it desirable to affirm its policy of co-operating with all who are working constructively for the good of India.—A. P.

"BOYCOTT DECISION INEXPEDIENT."

CALCUTTA, Jan. 7. Dr. Pramathanath Banerjee, Minto Professor of Economics, Calcutta University, who has also resigned his seat in the Bengal Council in obedience to the Congress mandate characterises the Lahore decision as inexpedient in the existing circumstances.—A. P.

Rangoon's New Mayor.

RANGOON, Jan. 7. At the monthly general meeting of the Rangoon Corporation held this afternoon Captain R. B. Rushall, M.B.E., was unanimously elected President of the Corporation for the current year vice Mirza Mahomed Rafi, M.L.C., the retiring President. There was no other candidate.—A. P.

Calcutta.—The Governor of Bengal and Hon. Lady Jackson were the principal guests at a garden party given by the Maharaja Sir Prodyot Coomarr Tagore at his suburban residence, Emerald Bower, on Monday Night in celebration of the marriage of his son Prabrendra Mohar.—A. P.

it, and economy condemns it. It would be a bold and popularly intelligible stroke for peace and economy if Britain, America and Japan, who are the only three nations specially interested in battleships were to agree to trust to commonsense rather than to convention in convention in stated measure of their battleships.—B. O. W.

Foch Statue For London.

RUGBY, Jan. 7. The Prince of Wales has consented, if circumstances permit, to unveil in London the statue of Marshal Foch which will be erected on a site near Victoria and which will be ready in May.—B. O. W.

Military Secretary To India Office.

RUGBY, Jan. 7. The Secretary of State for India has appointed General Sir Alexander Cobbe to succeed Field Marshal Sir Claude Jacob as Military Secretary, India Office, when Sir Claude vacates his appointment on May 9th.—B. O. W.

French-Indian Airmail Service.

PONDICHERRY TO BE TERMINUS.

AIRMEN TO SURVEY ROUTE.

LONDON, Jan. 6. Paris.—Two French airmen, Girard and Weiss, will leave Istres on January 14, if the weather is favourable to survey the route of the proposed French-Indian airmail service. The Indian terminus will be Pondicherry.

REMEMBER SYMBOLS OF SACRIFICE.

THE ALL MARTYRS DAY.

Swami Govindanand's Appeal For Country-Wide Celebration.

LAHORE, Jan. 6. Swami Govindanand, President, All-India Political Sufferers' League, writes to the Press:

The public has by this time known that the All-India Political Sufferers and Workers' League at the annual conference at Lahore resolved to celebrate the Martyrs' Day on the 31st of March every year in every village and town of India. So many patriots of India have had to lay down their lives in the prime of their youth for the freedom of the Motherland. Most of them died unknown and unsung. Even now India knows very little of the heroism of the band of Martyrs of the country. In order to keep the memory of each noble and valiant patriot evergreen, it was resolved to devote the 31st of March every year to this purpose. I am confident that wherever there is even one Indian in whose heart pulsates the love of India's freedom, and in whose veins courses the blood of India's self-respect and who hankers to see India liberated immediately at home and respected abroad for all time to come, this "Martyrs' Day" shall be celebrated with becoming solemnity. To remember the story of the sufferings of Martyrs puts new vigour and life into the sinking hearts of the children of a nation trying to win its

ASSEMBLY BALLOT FOR NON-OFFICIAL BILLS.

NEW DELHI, Jan. 6.

While speculation is rife as to how many Congress members of the Assembly resigning in obedience to the Lahore Congress mandate will stand for re-election, the Legislative Assembly office held the first ballot for non-official bills to be introduced on 21st January and found that Bills drawn were mostly in the names of Swarajists. The first was Mr. Gajaprasad Singh (who is in Delhi) with a Bill to amend Section 144 of the Criminal Procedure Code. The second to draw the ballot was Mr. Amarnath Dutt, another Congressman, with two Bills amending the Criminal Procedure Code relating to Habeas Corpus and Section 134. Sir Hari Singh Gour has the fourth place with a Bill raising the age of consent. Again Mr. Amarnath Dutt has a Bill amending the Criminal Procedure Code relating to bail applications. Lastly, Mr. B. Das drew a Bill intended to penalise the use of pictures of gods and goddesses and scenes from scriptures or mythology as trade mark.—A. P.

ALL INDIA SANSKRIT CONFERENCE.

Maharaja Of Benares Requested To Preside.

BENARES, Jan. 7. Arrangements are being made here to hold the Eleventh Session of the All-India Sanskrit Literary Conference for four days commencing February 3rd. The Maharaja of Benares has been requested to accept the Chairmanship of the Reception Committee.—A. P.

CASE AGAINST SUBHAS CHANDRA BOSE.

Arguments Begin.

CALCUTTA, Jan. 6. The defence having declined to examine any witnesses, the Public Prosecutor began his arguments to-day in which Subhas Chandra Bose and other Congressmen are being prosecuted on charges of sedition and conspiracy.—A. P.

NIZAM ISSUES A 'FIRMAN'.

BAN ON HARDIKAR.

No Entry In His Exalted Highness' Dominions.

LAHORE, Jan. 6. It is reported the entry of Dr. N. S. Hardikar, General Secretary, Hindusthan, Seva Dal has been banned in the Nizam's territory by the order of His Exalted Highness the Nizam.—Free Press.

The Working Committee of the All-India Political Workers and Sufferers' League will soon announce the detailed programme to be carried out on the All Martyrs' Day. Once again let me beg of my countrymen and countrywomen to celebrate this day everywhere in India. The Provincial Committees of the League, the Youth League, the Students Union, the Congress Committees and the Nawajwan Bharat Sabhas will, I have every hope, co-operate in this programme.—Free Press.

RELEASE POLITICALS.

Sind Member's Move In Assembly.

NEW DELHI, Jan. 7. The resolutions for the sitting of the Assembly on 22nd inst. were ballotted to-day, yielding interesting result. The first two resolutions relate to the grievances of the Currency Office staff and stand in the name of Kumar Rananajaya Singh and Dr. Hyder. These are followed by Raja Raghu nandan Prasad Singh's resolution to prevent the slaughter of cows. It is unlikely that all these resolutions will be moved or if moved will take much time.

RELEASE POLITICALS.

Interest therefore attaches to the next resolution by Lalchand Navaraj urging the release of political prisoners. Considerable debate is expected to ensue on this proposal especially in view of the importance gained by this subjects as a means of creating a helpful atmosphere in the country on the eve of the summoning of the Round Table Conference. The resolution is likely to receive considerable support of non-official members of the Assembly.

ARMY RETRENCHMENT.

Next comes Mr. Anwarul Azim with a proposal to raise the status of Head Postmasters. He will be followed by Mr. K. C. Roy with a resolution proposing Army Retrenchment. This subject too is likely to raise a lively debate in view of the importance of economy in the present financial condition of the Central Government. Non-official opinion which has always been critical of the Army Budget is likely to be strongly in favour of retrenchment in view especially of the prospects of a deficit budget.

Mr. Amarnath Dutt and Mr. Joglah come next but being Congress members are not likely to be present.—A. P.

FREE ACCIDENT INSURANCE FOR A LL.

DETAILS ON PAGE 7.

AMERICAN COTTON CROP

WARNING TO COTTON FARMERS.
FEDERAL FARM BOARD'S ACTIVITY.

The Federal Farm Board which is helping with huge loans to co-operative Cotton Selling Associations has issued the following warning:

The Federal Farm Board has warned cotton farmers to reduce their acreage this spring if they wish the Government to assist them in the marketing of 1930 crop.

The Board declares that it was only the crop failure in Texas, in 1929 which prevented the total American yield reaching 10,000,000 bales, which would have been more than the world could take at a fair price.

A member of the Board said that warning applied also to

wheat and any other commodity in which producers deliberately attempted to expand the acreage in the face of over-production.

It may be recalled that this season cotton growers received advances from the Farm Board on a basis of 16 cent cotton. Latest prices now quoted for American cotton are below the loan limit and now the Federal Farm Board has issued the above warning to arrest the steady decline in values which is partly due to the reduced demand for cotton textiles on account of Wall Street crash, and partly to the competition of outside cottons which are relatively cheap.

AMERICAN COTTON MARKETS.

New York Futures 10 To 8 Points Down.

SOUTHERN SELLING.

Bombay, Jan. 7. Yesterday the New York Cotton futures market ruled comparatively steady but towards the close suddenly declined on Southern selling and liquidation. The steady feeling was due to better advice from Liverpool and absence of selling. After a steady decline during the last few days, there was some covering which was responsible for the rise of 5 points. However there being no inclination to buy later on prices declined owing to Southern selling and liquidation. Even at present low level there is marked absence of buying either speculative or investment. The steadiness exhibited by the market was due to the absence of selling. Thus there seems no change in the general state. The market opened at a rise of 4 points and improved further by few points. There was no change of importance but later on declined and closed at a net decline of 10 to 8 points. Spot Cotton prices declined 10 points to 17.05.

The New Orleans Cotton futures market ruled quiet and closed at a decline of 8 to 10 points. Spot prices declined 10 points to 16.90. U. S. Post receipts amounted to 24,000 Bales and exports were 12,000 Bales.

The Liverpool Cotton market was due to open at a decline of 5 points but opened steady at a loss of 4 points. There was scattered covering which improved prices somewhat and the market closed at a decline of 4 to 2 points. Middle American Spot Cotton prices declined 1 point to 9.45d. per lb. and sales amounted to 5,000 Bales. Egyptian Sakel futures declined 3 to 4 points and spot quotations were unchanged at 14.30. Uppers were quiet and closed at a decline of 3 to 4 points.

REUTER'S LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REVIEW. In the Spot market a good amount of business has passed hands in Brazilian cotton, but trading in other growths has remained quiet. In the Futures market, since the turn of the year, feeling has been rather more optimistic and in spite of some selling by Bombay, the decline has been arrested by fairly persistent trade calling. The outlook still appears somewhat doubtful, but with the technical position considered sounder, it is generally anticipated that more interest will be displayed.

In the Egyptian section prices have fluctuated but the undertone on the whole has been steadier. REUTER'S MANCHESTER WEEKLY REVIEW. CLOTH: The New Year has opened tamely, and although enquiries are now tending to increase and the seasonal expansion of business is expected, prospects are not regarded hopefully in view of the very severe competition, especially from Japan in India. Moreover, prospective purchases by India and China are at the moment being held up, in the former country by the political situation and in the latter by the rapid fall in the price of Silver. The Home trade shows signs of improvement, but from other sources demand at present is mainly of a price testing nature.

YARNS: The position in this section has not materially changed. Local manufacturers are reported to have placed numerous orders for small weights to cover their present requirement, but nothing of importance has as yet transpired on the export side.

FLIP TO COTTON MARKET. Messrs. Devkar and Nanjee's report reproduce the following from their Liverpool friend's market letter dated 17th Dec. which states that textile trade conditions the world over leave much to be desired, and it is not surprising that spinners and manufacturers adhere to their hand to mouth policy, under the influence of which it is of course next to impossible for any advance to be sustained. On the contrary, owing to lack of the necessary support, prices have a sagging tendency, but the longer this state of affairs lasts, the healthier their position of the market must become eventually because it means a latent potential demand which sooner or later must give a fillip to the market. For this reason we continue to feel that cotton should be bought in really weak markets for a long pull. From a Liverpool friend's market letter dated the 17th December.

FERTILIZER SALES REPORT. Messrs. Thos. Smith and Co. state:—Market continues easier in absence of Spot demand. It is usual for the Co-operatives to part with a portion of their holdings before the new crop preparation starts. This year, due to a larger quantity of low grades more attention is being paid to outside growths factor will be consumption on the especially Indians.

We believe hereafter the main prospect of next acreage American Gold, Fine, or oz. 24-4-11-1/4

January 13.86 -03
March 13.80 -03
May 14.10 -03
July 14.15 -04
November 14.32 -04
December 14.46 -05
Sakellaris, F.G.F.
Spot 14.30 -03
LONDON GOLD.
London Jan. 6.
T.T. Berlin on London 20 41-1/4
T.T. Amsterdam on London 12 08-1/4
T.T. Brussels on London 34 02
T.T. Madrid on London 27 05
T.T. Milan on London 93 15
T.T. Berne on London 25 13
T.T. Paris on London 123 90
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Bombay Cotton

Bombay, Jan. 7. Owing to the death of a one mucedam and a meeting of Cotton Brokers, the local forward market opened at 3 p.m. at Rs. 300/4 for Broach A. M. delivery. There was steady buying at this level but as soon as buying orders were executed prices declined to Rs. 299/2 on long liquidation. Liverpool opened steady at a decline of 3 points and reports U. S. Federal Farm Board warning American cotton farmers to reduce acreage under cotton next spring, stimulated short covering and prices recovered. The market closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

Broach A. M. 300
Oomra D-J. 248/4
Oomra Mar. 255/12
Oomra May 262/4
Bengal D-J. 196/3
Bengal Mar. 205/4
Bengal May 212/4
Broach Teji Mandi 19/4
Broach A/M. Highest 300/1
Broach A/M. Lowest 299/2

SAMPIN QUOTATIONS.
Bombay, Jan. 7.
January 179.00-1.70
April 183.40-1.10
July 189.20-0.30

SILVER MARKET.

Bombay, Jan. 7. Yesterday London Silver prices declined 3/8d. and reached a new low level unheard during the past fine decades. There is persistent selling but this market is keeping steady on better China Cross rate. It is said that some restriction is placed on false sales of cross and there seems a feeling that improvement in the near future is overdue. There exists a large short interest and the situation is becoming unusually anxious. At the lowest level the huge short interest against option business is bound to result in erratic markets and violent fluctuations. The situation requires great caution.

The Gold market is easy and up-country demand has fallen off. Under present depressed conditions there is no prospect for any early revival.

To day's quotations are as under:—
(The Bombay Bullion Brokers' Association, Ltd.)

LONDON READY 20/10
LONDON FORWARD 20/9
China Opening 2/2/- Closing 2/-
America Cent 44/14
Ready 47/12
Posh Opening 47/13, Higher
47/14, Closing 47/9
Maha Opening 47/3, Higher
47/9, Closing 46/3
Tejmandi 285/278
Posh 0/11/-
Maha 1/8
Falgoon 2/-

NEW YORK DAILY COTTON STATISTICS.
New York, Jan. 6.
Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports 24,000 bales.
Day's Exports to Great Britain nil.
Day's Exports to the Continent 12,000 bales.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.
Liverpool, Jan. 6.
Opening. Closing.
January 9.07 9.09 -02
February 9.11 9.11 -03
March 9.15 9.16 -03
April 9.12 9.12 -04
May 9.25 9.25 -04
June 9.26 9.26 -03
July 9.30 9.30 -04
August 9.29 9.29 -04
September 9.29 9.29 -04
October 9.29 9.29 -04
November 9.30 9.30 -04
December 9.32 9.32 -04
January 9.31 9.31 -04
Middling Spot 9.45 -01

LIVERPOOL COTTON SALES.
Liverpool, Jan. 6.
Sales at Liverpool 5,000 bales.
Sales on Speculation 100 bales.
Sales of East Indian Cotton 50 bales.

INDIAN COTTON.
Liverpool, Jan. 6.
Scinde, Fully Good 5.45
Scinde, Fine 5.70
Scinde, Superfine 5.95
Bengal, Good 5.20
Bengal, Fully Good 5.45
Bengal, Fine 5.70
Oomra, Good 6.45
Oomra, Fully Good 6.75
Oomra, Fine 7.05
Broach, Fully Good 7.30
Broach, Fine 7.55
Broach, Superfine 7.80

EGYPTIAN COTTON.
Liverpool, Jan. 6.
January 13.86 -03
March 13.80 -03
May 14.10 -03
July 14.15 -04
November 14.32 -04
December 14.46 -05
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Bengal Mar. 205/4
Bengal May 212/4
Broach Teji Mandi 19/4
Broach A/M. Highest 300/1
Broach A/M. Lowest 299/2

SAMPIN QUOTATIONS.
Bombay, Jan. 7.
January 179.00-1.70
April 183.40-1.10
July 189.20-0.30

SILVER MARKET.

Bombay, Jan. 7. Yesterday London Silver prices declined 3/8d. and reached a new low level unheard during the past fine decades. There is persistent selling but this market is keeping steady on better China Cross rate. It is said that some restriction is placed on false sales of cross and there seems a feeling that improvement in the near future is overdue. There exists a large short interest and the situation is becoming unusually anxious. At the lowest level the huge short interest against option business is bound to result in erratic markets and violent fluctuations. The situation requires great caution.

The Gold market is easy and up-country demand has fallen off. Under present depressed conditions there is no prospect for any early revival.

To day's quotations are as under:—
(The Bombay Bullion Brokers' Association, Ltd.)

LONDON READY 20/10
LONDON FORWARD 20/9
China Opening 2/2/- Closing 2/-
America Cent 44/14
Ready 47/12
Posh Opening 47/13, Higher
47/14, Closing 47/9
Maha Opening 47/3, Higher
47/9, Closing 46/3
Tejmandi 285/278
Posh 0/11/-
Maha 1/8
Falgoon 2/-

NEW YORK DAILY COTTON STATISTICS.
New York, Jan. 6.
Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports 24,000 bales.
Day's Exports to Great Britain nil.
Day's Exports to the Continent 12,000 bales.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.
Liverpool, Jan. 6.
Opening. Closing.
January 9.07 9.09 -02
February 9.11 9.11 -03
March 9.15 9.16 -03
April 9.12 9.12 -04
May 9.25 9.25 -04
June 9.26 9.26 -03
July 9.30 9.30 -04
August 9.29 9.29 -04
September 9.29 9.29 -04
October 9.29 9.29 -04
November 9.30 9.30 -04
December 9.32 9.32 -04
January 9.31 9.31 -04
Middling Spot 9.45 -01

LIVERPOOL COTTON SALES.
Liverpool, Jan. 6.
Sales at Liverpool 5,000 bales.
Sales on Speculation 100 bales.
Sales of East Indian Cotton 50 bales.

INDIAN COTTON.
Liverpool, Jan. 6.
Scinde, Fully Good 5.45
Scinde, Fine 5.70
Scinde, Superfine 5.95
Bengal, Good 5.20
Bengal, Fully Good 5.45
Bengal, Fine 5.70
Oomra, Good 6.45
Oomra, Fully Good 6.75
Oomra, Fine 7.05
Broach, Fully Good 7.30
Broach, Fine 7.55
Broach, Superfine 7.80

EGYPTIAN COTTON.
Liverpool, Jan. 6.
January 13.86 -03
March 13.80 -03
May 14.10 -03
July 14.15 -04
November 14.32 -04
December 14.46 -05
Sakellaris, F.G.F.
Spot 14.30 -03
LONDON GOLD.
London Jan. 6.
T.T. Berlin on London 20 41-1/4
T.T. Amsterdam on London 12 08-1/4
T.T. Brussels on London 34 02
T.T. Madrid on London 27 05
T.T. Milan on London 93 15
T.T. Berne on London 25 13
T.T. Paris on London 123 90
T.T. London on Prague 164 68

January 13.86 -03
March 13.80 -03
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T.T. Berne on London 25 13
T.T. Paris on London 123 90
T.T. London on Prague 164 68

STOCKS & SHARES

Decline In Mill Shares.

GENERAL FEELING, BEARISH.

Bombay, Jan. 7. Cotton Mill shares ruled easy to-day with marked absence of any buying. Prices opened easy and at the decline there was some recovery on short covering but towards the close prices again declined and closed easy. The general feeling is bearish and there is no demand for cloth. The situation is getting worse and Messrs. Patel and Ramdutt make the following remarks in their to-day's report:—

"We understand from a reliable source that the cloth market is facing very hard times. Most of the dealers are worried on the present outlook. Japanese goods seem to have a considerable hold on our cloth markets and it is not yet realised by many here where this position will lead us to. The prices of mill shares are certainly much below the values that we have seen during the last eleven years, but even then the general public is shy of investing in them. The simple cause for this is that the textile industry is on the verge of ruin. If the Government does not come to the assistance of this great industry now, when it is going to do it? In the meantime the Mill Agents must find out a solution themselves. It seems that the best thing to do is to reduce the burden of over-production by working only 4 days in a week."

Bombay Dyeing shares closed at Rs. 658-12, Falal at Rs. 451-1. Baroda Bank shares were placed at Rs. 76-8 and Imperials at Rs. 1,335. Scindia shares were quiet but steady at Rs. 8-12. There was some liquidation in Tata Steel shares which caused decline in Deids, to Rs. 243-2. Ordinary shares closed at Rs. 52 at a decline of Rs. 2. Alcock's were quiet at Rs. 270. Bombay Steams were quiet and closed at Rs. 185. Indian Bleaching shares suffered a further decline to Rs. 89-6.

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New City Bombay 70.
New Great Eastern 200 107
151-4.
Osmanshahi 75 2/4y 48
Pearls 100 252-4
Phoenix 100 305
Premier 10, nil 1-12
Sassoon Cotton 100 nil 5
Sassoon and Alliance Mills 20
Simplex 130 27-8
Sholapur 1000 for xd. 2675
Sir Shapurjee Barucha 100 nil 5/12
Swadeshi 100 366-4
Tata Mill 25, nil 20
Vishnu Cotton 2425.
Western India Spinning 1,000.
925

BANKS
Bank of India 60, 2, xd. 93-4
Baroda 5501 9/8 75 8
Central 16-8
Eastern 25 87
Imperial Bank 1335
Imperial Contributor 125 101
333-12
Union 5/11 3-4
P. & O. Bank 210 101, 122.

CEMENT AND MANGANESE COMPANIES.
Bundl Portland 10-0-0 807 3d.
xd. 14-8
Gwallor Cement 83, 88
Central India Mining 3-14
Indian Cement 230
Punjab Cement 100, 10-12
Shahdol Cement 10y 137-8
Shivrajpur 20 2-1 xd. 14-8
United Cement 100 6y 54 xd.
Kathi Ord 166-4
Kathi Def. 608-12

RAILWAYS.
Ahmedabad Prantel 400 51/11/
826-4
Amritsar Patti 3-10-0f, xd. 113-12
Central Provinces 90
Ohond Baramat 100 2/11/6 97.
97.
Gujarat 100 2/4/81 80
Hoshilpur Doab 100 4/12/6 78
Larkhana 100 11 89
Mandra Bhor 90 1/15/21 70
Mymensingh 100 2/11/61 96
Pachora Janner 100 2/4/81 84
Sialkot Narowal 100 2/4/81 89
Sara Sraiguni 100 2-6-97 65
Sind Light 100 6-7 62
Tapi Valley 40, 671-4
Upper Sind 100 nil 80.

ELECTRIC UNDERTAKINGS
Ahmedabad Electric 100, 6 8y.
128/12
Surat Electric 100 5/7y xd.
125
Andhra Valley Ord xd 647-8
Bombay Tram Ord. 135
Tata Hydro Electric 1000 101.
1115
Tata Power 300 nil 520
Karnali Electricity 100 0.41.
145
Poona Electricity 100, 1y, 145.

PRESS COMPANIES.
Fort 475 10y 130
Harvey and Sabapathy 1120 xd.
plus 20
Indian Cotton 125 17/8y 225
Mannad Manufacturing xd.
270
New Berar 500 70y 880
New Mufussil 400, 407, 510 xd.
New Prince of Wales 500 20y
400 xd.
Volkart U P 50-0-30y 480.

INSURANCE COMPANIES.
B.I. Co. Insurance 10, nil 4
Bombay Life Assurance 40 17y
40
Empire of India Life 100, 30/
1905
Jupiter General Insurance Ord.
10-4
New Indian Assurance 6 19
Oriental Government Security
Life 100,2020
Vulcan 100 03/0y xd. 6
Industrial & Prudential 6 9-14

MISCELLANEOUS.
Alcock Ashdown 199, by 270
Attock Oil 1 nil 15
Belapur Co. 50, nil 7-8
Bombay Steam Co. Ord. 185
Burma Uganda 12, nil 38
Burma F Corporation 736-4
Burma Corp. 10 Rs. 11
Indian Radio Ord. 325
Jost Engineering 50
182/8
Kemp 200 15 185
Mackenzie Saw Mill 100 115
Scindia Steam 8-12
Tata Construction xd. 37.
Tata Iron Ord. 52
Tata Iron Def. 243-2
Bombay Telephone 50, 1y 54
Assur Veerji Mills B 7 (F F)
94
Bomday Steam T 8 p.c. 105
Kastoorchand Mills T 1 10
80
Kohinoor Mills T 7 10
Tata Hydro B 108/8
Tata Steel B. 7 p.c. 97
Tata Power 7-1/2 100
Andhra Valley B. 108
Apollo Mills B 7/8 F. T. 80

PREFERENCE
Tata 1st Pref. 128
Tata 2nd Pref. 75-8
Andhra Pref. 1042/8
Tata Hydro Pref. 1077/8
Tata Power Pref. 1020

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Tata 2nd Pref. 75-8
Andhra Pref. 1042/8
Tata Hydro Pref. 1077/8
Tata Power Pref. 1020

LIVERPOOL WHEAT STEADY.

Liverpool, Jan. 6. The Liverpool and Chicago wheat markets exhibited improved tone to-day on renewed buying. The undertone of the market healthy and further moderate improvement is anticipated. The Argentine Linseed market was closed to-day.

LIVERPOOL WHEAT MARKET.

March 9-5 7/8 + 1/2d.
May 9-10 3/4 + 1/2d.
July 9-11 + 1/2d.

CHICAGO WHEAT MARKET.

Dollars.
Mar. 1-29 1/2 + 3/8
May 1-33 1/8 + 3/8
July 1-33 1/4 + 1/4

LONDON SHARE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Jan. 7.
Messrs. Lewis & Jones Bombay have received the following quotations by cable from their London agents:—

Latest Prices:—
Mullar's Timber & Trading Co. Ord. 20-7-6
London Tin Syndicate Ord. £1-16-10-1/2
Nundydroog Co. Ord. £0-15-0
Associated Electrical Industries Ord. £1-7-0
Attock Oil £1-3-1-1/2
Associated Portland Cement £1-4-3
Underground Electric Railways £1-1-3
Electric Supply Corp. £2-6-6
Snia Viscosa £0-11-0
Beta Railways £1-2-9
Calico Printers £0-15-0
Marconi International Marine £2-5-0
Rhodesian & General Asbestos Corp. £5-1-3
James Finlay Ord. £4-3-1-1/2
General Elec. Ord. £2-6-0
London & Thames Haven Oil Wharves £3-11-3
West Rand Consolidated Mines £0-6-9
International Railways of C. America Ord. 29
Malayalam Plantation £1-4-0
British Burma Petroleum £0-6-9
Soudan Plantations Syndicate £3-10-0
British S. Africa (Chartered) £1-18-9
Pahang Consolidated Ord. £0-9-9
African Asbestos Trust £0-8-9
Market improving tendency.
Stock of rubber in London 56,

SHIPPING.

P. & O. British India
(Incorporated in England.)
MAIL & PASSENGERS SERVICE

P. & O. SAILINGS TO PLYMOUTH AND LONDON CALLING AT MARSEILLES, CALLING AT MALTA EVERY ALTERNATE WEEK.

Date	Steamers	Tons
11 Jan	Rampura	16,601
18 Jan	Rajputana	16,601
25 Jan	Ranohi	16,601
1 Feb	Mooltan	20,847
8 Feb	Morea	10,946
15 Feb	Mantua	10,946
22 Feb	Viceroy of India	10,946
1 Mar	Majha	10,900
8 Mar	Kalag-i-Hind	20,837
15 Mar	Rampura	10,902
22 Mar	Ranohi	16,601
29 Mar	Naldora	16,601
5 Apr	Ranohi	16,601
12 Apr	Rawalpindi	16,619
19 Apr	Morea (Extra)	10,946
26 Apr	Rampura	10,900
3 May	Naldora	11,000
10 May	Rampura	16,601
17 May	Kalag-i-Hind	16,601
24 May	Mooltan	20,847
31 May	Mantua	11,120
7 June	Mantua	10,946
14 June	Rawalpindi	16,619
21 June	Morea	10,946
28 June	Mantua	11,120
5 July	Rampura	10,900
12 July	Mantua	11,120
19 July	Naldora	16,601
26 July	Rawalpindi	16,619
2 Aug	Morea	10,946
9 Aug	Mantua	11,120
16 Aug	Rampura	10,900
23 Aug	Mantua	11,120
30 Aug	Rampura	16,601
6 Sept	Mantua	10,946
13 Sept	Mantua	10,946
20 Sept	Mantua	10,946
27 Sept	Mantua	10,946

All sailings are subject to alteration without notice.

All passengers are required to be in possession of passport.

To Marseilles only.

Through steamers from China have limited accommodation for passengers from India.

Through steamers from Australia have limited accommodation for passengers from India.

SPECIAL OFF SEASON RETURN TICKETS.

FIRST and SECOND Saloon Return Tickets a Special Reduced Rates will be issued for any Mail steamer during the period, commencing from Bombay with the

sailing of the S.S. "MACEDONIA" on the 31st May 1930 and terminating, with the Viceroy of India, leaving Marseilles 5th Sept. and due in Bombay on the 19th September, 1930. The fares will be as follows:—

1st	2nd	Saloon
To London and back by Sea	£108	£78
To London and back via Marseilles including P. & O. Special Train across France in both directions	£120	£80
To Marseilles and back	£100	£70

The accommodation allotted will be the best available at time of application.

SINGLE BERTH CABINS

There will be no extra charge for single berth cabins between 1st June and 18th January.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.

BOMBAY TO PORT SAID AND PLYMOUTH

With liberty to all at Port Sudan, Malta, and/or Tangier.

Date	Steamers	Tons
2nd Apr	Dumana	8,427
4th	Dumana	8,422

These two vessels are only one class ships. Fares as follows:—

Single	Return
Bombay to Plymouth & 2nd	£112
Bombay to Plymouth & 2nd	£108

These two vessels are only one class ships. Fares as follows:—

Single	Return
Bombay to Plymouth & 2nd	£112
Bombay to Plymouth & 2nd	£108

SHIPPING.

THE SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD.

FORTNIGHTLY SERVICES BETWEEN

1. Rangoon, Bombay, Karachi, via Malabar.
2. Rangoon, Madras, Colombo.
3. Calcutta and Karachi, via coast Ports.
4. Rangoon, Calcutta, according to demand.

For freights and other particulars apply to:—

Messrs. NAROTTAM MORARJEE & CO., Agents.

Ballard Estate, Bombay.

P. & O. SAILINGS TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN AND AUSTRALIA.

Date	Steamers	Tons
17th Jan	Macedonia	Colombo, Straits, China & Japan.
22nd Jan	Alipore	Straits, China & Japan.
31st	Naldora	Colombo and Australia.
14th Feb	Rawalpindi	Colombo, Straits, China & Japan.
28th	Narkunda	Colombo and Australia.
28th	Mooltan	Colombo and Australia.
25th April	Majha	Colombo and Australia.
9th May	Rampura	Colombo, Straits, China & Japan.
23rd	Naldora	Colombo and Australia.
6th June	Morea	Colombo, Straits, China & Japan.
20th June	Narkunda	Colombo and Australia.
4th July	Rajputana	Colombo, Straits, China & Japan.
18th July	Mooltan	Colombo and Australia.
1st Aug	Mantua	Colombo, Straits, China & Japan.
15th	Comorin	Colombo and Australia.
29th	Malwa	Colombo, Straits, China & Japan.
12th Sept	Naldora	Colombo and Australia.
26th	Morea	Colombo, Straits, China & Japan.

*Cargo only

HOLIDAY EXCURSION TICKETS TO AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND.

Holiday Excursion Return Tickets can be issued in the First Saloon only at the following fares from Bombay:—

To Fremantle	£74
To Adelaide	£76
To Melbourne	£78
To Sydney	£80
To Brisbane	£82

To Auckland or Wellington (N. Z.) via Sydney .. £100

Periods of availability 16 weeks.

Sailings approximately every month.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS TO AFRICA, KARACHI, PERSIAN GULF, TUTICORIN, COLOMBO, MADRAS, CALCUTTA AND RAN-

1930

Date	Steamers	Tons
2 P.M.	8th Jan	Berapa

10th Jan. Varela .. Baerach via Vera-

11th Jan. Chakia .. Baerach via Kara-

13th Jan. Vita .. Karachi via Por-

15th Jan. Khandala .. East & South

17th Jan. Ellora .. Bombay and

There will be sailings to Karachi on Mondays, Wednesdays, Thurs-

days, Fridays and Saturday, every

week. The departure of the Kara-

chi Gulf Mail on Thursday or Friday

is dependent upon the arrival of

the inward English Mail.

Local passengers for Karachi can

only proceed by Thursday/Friday

sailings when accommodation is

not required for passengers ex. the

P. & O. Mail Steamer or through

passengers to Bussrah.

Terms and Rates of Frights and

SHIPPING.

FOR SINGAPORE, CHINA AND JAPAN.

Steamer	Tons	Arrive	Leave
Sado Maru	5598	28 Dec	12 Jan
Tanaka Maru	4103	2 Jan	15
Kanpu Maru	8000	15 Jan	22
Tottori Maru	5973	15 Jan	23 Jan
Yonoyama Maru	8274	19 Jan	31
Nagano Maru	3824	25	6 Feb
Katori Maru	10000	25	26 3
Awa Maru	6925	30 Jan	13 Feb

*Do not carry passengers.

From Colombo.

FOR MARSEILLES AND LONDON.

Steamer	Tons	Leave	Arrive
Fushimi Maru	11000	23 Jan	9 Feb
Hiakotaki Maru	10800	6 Feb	23 Feb
Hakusan Maru	10500	20 Feb	9 Mar

FROM ORIENT TO SAN FRANCISCO.

Steamer	Tons	From	From
Korea Maru	20800	12 Feb	12 Feb
Shinyo Maru	22900	20 Feb	20 Feb

Other are Orient-Seattle, South-

American (East and West Coast)

and Japan Australia Services.

Reduced combined through fares.

Cheapest Round-the-World tour

rates and other fares, full particu-

lars on which are furnished on

application to:—

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA,

Canada Building, Hornby Road

Bombay.

Phone No 2279, 2373.

Telegrams: "YUSEN."

SPECIAL DECEMBER ISSUE.

THE INDIAN REVIEW

EDITED BY G. A. NATESAN.

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THE ALL INDIA TRADE UNION

CONGRESS

By Mr. B. Shiva Row.

BRITISH WOMAN

By The Hon. Mr. Justice Walsh.

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By Mr. C. F. Andrews.

THE SECOND IMPERIAL CON-

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STUDENTS

By Mr. C. Joseph Chacko, M.A.

BANKING.

Bank of Baroda Ltd.

Under the patronage of and largely

supported by the Government of

H. H. the Maharaja Gaekwar.

(Registered under the Baroda

Companies Act III of 1897).

Capital Subscribed 60,00,000

Capital Called-up 30,00,000

Reserve Fund 23,50,000

HEAD OFFICE: MANDVI, BARODA.

BRANCHES:

Ahmedabad, Bhavnagar, Navsari,

Mehsana, Surat, Bombay, Dabhol,

Petlad, Patan, Sidhpur, Amreli,

Kallol, Dwarka, Kadi and Karjan.

DIRECTORS:

Sir Lalubhai Samaldas, Kt., C.I.E.,

(Chairman).

Raj Ratna Sheth Maganbhai, P.

Haribhakti (Nagar Sheth), Bar-

oda.

Seth Durgaprasad Shambhuprasad

Laskari (Mill Agent, Ahmed-

abad).

Bhaskarrao V. Mehta, Esq., M.A.,

L.L.B.

Magarhal H. Kantavala, Esq., M.A.,

(Agent), The Maharaja Mills Co.

Ltd., Baroda.

R. B. Govindbhai Hathibhai Desai

Late Nalb Dewan, Baroda.

Mr. Manilal B. Nanawati, B.A.,

L.L.B., M.A. (Penn.), Sar Suba,

Baroda State, Baroda.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed on daily balance

from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the

rate of Rs. 2-12 per cent. per an-

num from 1st January to 30th

June and at 2 per cent. from 1st

July to 31st December and on sums

over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrange-

ment. No interest which does not

come to Rs. 3 per half year will be

allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Received for long or short

periods on terms which may be as-

certained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND

CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation

on terms to be arranged against

approved securities.

The Bank undertakes on behalf

of its constituents the safe cus-

tody of Shares and Securities and

the collection of dividends and in-

terest thereon. It also undertakes

the sale and purchase of Govern-

ment Paper and all description of

Stock, at moderate charges particu-

lars of which may be learnt on

application.

SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits received and interest

allowed at 3-12 per cent. per an-

num

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSIT

ACCOUNTS.

Sums of Rs. 300 and over accept-

ed at 4 per cent. by transfer from

Savings Bank accounts subject to

three months' notice of withdrawal.

Rules on application.

C. E. RANDLE,

General Manager.

Bank of India, Ltd.

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906.

(Incorporated under the Indian

Companies Act VII of 1882.)

HEAD OFFICE:

ORIENTAL BUILDINGS,

BOMBAY.

BRANCHES: Bullion Exchange

(Shahk Memon Street, Bombay),

Poona, Bandra, Calcutta and Ah-

medabad.

LONDON AGENTS:

THE WESTMINSTER BANK, LTD.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED 2,00,00,000

CLASSIFIED ADVTs.

Fill up your WANTS here on payment of

Rupee ONE

For first twenty words

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For each Additional Word.

Terms:—CASH with Order.

INSTRUCTIONS.

The full name and address of the advertiser is required, not necessarily for publication.

Advertisers who do not wish their names and addresses published will be given a Box number. The words "Apply Box No. Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle", to be paid for.

Answers to Advertisements should be addressed as follows: Box Number Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle" Office, Bombay.

Unclaimed replies to advertisements are destroyed after one month.

SITUATIONS VACANT

WANTED.—Influential YOUNG MEN, throughout the Bombay Presidency to work as District Superintendents for an established Insurance Company, pay Rs. 50 per mensem, besides liberal commission, bonus and free insurance. Apply Box No. 2433, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle."

A R2111

WANTED.—CHIEF AGENTS and AGENTS to sell fine Darjeeling Tea on Rs. 300/200, 70/- and 30/- and discount. Agents to be supplied with stocks—must be bona-fide share holders. Some shares of this Company are also available on the terms of the Prospectus. For particulars apply to—THE KINCHINJUNGA AND TRANSPORT CO. LTD. (Estd. 1927), 30, Clive Street, Calcutta.

THE PRUDENTIAL BANK (INDIA) LTD.

Wants some reliable and energetic Organising Inspectors on Rs. 75-10-150/- plus Rs. 25/- as T. A. O secure candidates desirous to take loan. Only the selected candidates will be supplied with the terms and conditions and he will have to invest Rs. 300/- by purchasing 12 shares of the Company of which Rs. 120/- must be paid immediately after selection and the balance in three equal quarterly instalments. Application with testimonials should reach to the Calcutta office of the Bank for terms and particulars. No interview before selection. Apply to:

ANDERSON & CO., Managing Agents, Mercantile Buildings, Calcutta.

EDUCATIONAL.

FOR Rapid and thorough training in Shorthand, Typewriting, Book-keeping and Accountancy join immediately the POPULAR SHORTHAND and TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION, Darya Mahal (Saraswati Building) opp. Thakkar Bros. near Bhuleswar Fire Brigade, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay. Principal B. B. RELE, B.A., LL.B., Concession given to the Poor and the unemployed. Special arrangements for LADY STUDENTS, Special Shorthand Speed Class for advanced students.

M W. B.

MATRIMONIAL.

WANTED.—A beautiful rich RAJPUT LADY to marry a well educated Rajput gentleman belonging to a respectable family now serving in Commercial firm with future prospects. Correspondence are strictly confidential. Apply with photos if any to Box No. 2434, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle."

M R2112

HEALTH.

THIN, FAT, and Chronic Sufferers, Consult NATURE CURE Specialist Dr. S. B. MADON, 123, Esplanade Road, First Consultation Free.

R2114

WANTED.

WANTED.—SHARES of a respectable Groundnut Farming company on improved methods in western Bengal under permanent settlement, are for sale. Excellent prospects and a great future under a good directorate and under efficient management. Agents also wanted. Write for prospectus and other particulars to J. B. SASSIN, IYENGAR & CO., 7, "B" Mission Row, Calcutta.

N

MACHINERY, TOOLS ETC.

NEW "OLIER" Oil Expellers, "Johnson" Filters, Oiler parts for Andersons and Krups, in stock, Agents, DINSHAW & CO., 47, Apollo Street, Bombay.

R2099

FOR SALE.—Two Howard and Bullough's RING FRAMES (year 1904) of 360 spindles, each having 5" lift. Can be seen in working order at the Mills. Apply MANAGER, RUBY MILLS, LTD., Dadar, Bombay.

N 14

SITUATIONS VACANT

WANTED.—Few ORGANISERS for selling Tea Garden Shares on a monthly salary of Rs. 50 plus 2-1/2 p. c. commission with future prospect. Apply to Messrs. CHATERJEE & Co., Managing Agents, Savitri Tea Co., Ltd. 3/1, Mangoe Lane, Calcutta.

L T33265

BOOKS

WE SELL MACFADDEN'S PUBLICATIONS. Ask for price list: THE POPULAR BOOK DEPOT, Grant Road, Bombay.

T43264

SECONDHAND BOOKS.—School, College and general reading books available at about half price. Books purchased mostly orders executed SHRI BHARAT BOOK DEPOT, Thakurdwar Corner, Bombay.

L T33265

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo per S. S. "SUMATRA MARU" are hereby informed of the steamer's arrival on the 7th January from Japan, Hongkong, Singapore and Colombo and are requested to send their Bills of Lading to this Office for counter-signature without delay. No survey will be held on cargo damaged or in doubtful condition unless a written application is received by the undersigned within seven days after the date of discharge. No survey will be held on cargo in single gunny. Messrs. Ericson and Richards, the Marine Surveyors, will be attending Docks every morning to survey damages. Cargo removed from the Landing Shed or warehouse is not entitled to survey. The Bills for claims are to be sent to this Office within one month from the date of steamer's arrival, otherwise they will not be entertained.

MANAGER, Osaka Shosen Kaisha.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

GOVERNMENT Announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

Per column inch per insertion.
1st Insertion Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertion Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittance in advance and state clearly, whether they wish to insert their Advertisements in these columns or in the classified Short Advertisement columns.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

VALUABLE PLOTS OF LAND on the Pherozeshah Mehta Road, Bombay's new thoroughfare in the heart of its most important office and business quarter, are available for building leases for 999 years with option to purchase the ground rent on attractive terms in lump or by instalments at any time within ten years. Building period of two years with rebate of 100 per cent. of rent in the first year and 50 per cent. in the second year. Basements allowed if water-tight. Sub-division of existing plots to about 250 sq. yards will be considered wherever possible.

Brokerage of 1-1/2 per cent. on the capital value will be given to Architects, Engineers and recognised Land brokers.

For further terms and conditions and plan of site, apply to the Executive Engineer, Bombay Municipality.

A. R. DALAL, Municipal Commissioner, for the City of Bombay. 32393

TENDERS.

NOTICE.

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the sale of wastes produced at Khatau Mankaji Mills during the current year and the same will be received at the Mill by the undersigned up to 20th January, 1930, along with a deposit of Rs. 300 with each tender.

The undersigned does not bind himself to accept any or the lowest tender.

H. L. DAWLATJADA, General Manager, Haines Road, Byculla. 17

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

TENDERS FOR THE PURCHASE OF BRASS, COPPER, LEAD, WHITE METAL, ZINC, CAST IRON WROUGHT IRON AND STEEL SCRAP, CONDEMNED BOILER SHELLS, STEEL BOILER TUBES, ETC., AND SECONDHAND SERVICABLE STATIONARY ENGINE AND WORKSHOP MACHINERY SUCH AS SCREW CUTTING LATHES, DRILLING MACHINES, PLANING MACHINES, SHAPING MACHINES, MILLING MACHINES, ETC.

THE AGENT, G. I. P. Railway, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, invites tenders for the purchase of scrap and secondhand material which can be seen at the Mechanical Shops, Parel, and the Railway's Wharf at Sewri Bunder.

2. The prescribed form of tender with conditions on which tenders will be received can be obtained from the Railway's Controller of Stores, at Parel, Bombay, on payment of Rs. 8 per copy, which amount will not be returned. Tenders must be submitted on the prescribed form, and the envelopes enclosing them must be sealed and endorsed "Tender for the purchase of Scrap and secondhand material". Tenders not complying with these conditions will not be considered.

3. Tenders will be received at the Agent's office up to 3 p.m. (S.T.) on WEDNESDAY, the 5th February 1930.

D. S. BURN, Agent, G.I.P. Railway, 3rd January, 1930.

AUCTION SALES.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.

123, Meadows St., Fort, BOMBAY.

SALE of vacant piece of land at Hanuman Cross Road, (leading from Balambia Road), at Ville Parle: B. B. and C. I. Line, on SUNDAY, the 12th January, 1930, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), at the premises, under instructions from Messrs. Daphary Ferreira and Divan, Attorneys for Mr. Bonifacio Menezes and others and on account of Pedro Domingos Quiny, the Mortgagee:—

All that piece of paddy fields situate at Ville Parle on the East of Ville Parle railway station in the Registration Sub-District of Bandra in the Bombay Suburban District admeasuring 4,487 square yards or thereabouts being portion of Final Plots Nos. 11, 12, 13 and 14, Survey Nos. 10-68 in the Ville Parle Town Planning Scheme No. 2.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Daphary Ferreira and Divan, Attorneys for the Vendors, at their Office, 13-19, Meadows Street, Fort, Bombay, or to the undersigned.

SORABJI COWASJI & CO.

MESSRS. BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF MACAULAY AND CO.'S FOUNDRY WITH ITS GOOD-WILL AT THE CORNER OF TANK STREET (SOORATI MOHILLA), BELLASIS ROAD. Under instructions from N. H. Moos, Esq., the Receiver appointed in Suit No. 2479 of 1926 (Savakshav vs. Ramdas), Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will THIS DAY (WEDNESDAY), the 8th instant sell by Public Auction at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the abovementioned place.

One Foundry with all its materials, machinery, etc., known by the name of Messrs. Macaulay and Co., and stock-in-trade and good-will thereof in one lot as a going concern.

The above is on view. A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

BENNETT & CO.

MESSRS. MENESSE & CO.

Under instructions from the B. B. and C. I. Railway and in accordance with the provisions of Sections 55 and 56 of the Indian Railways Act No. IX of 1890, Messrs. MENESSE & CO. will sell by Public Auction at the risk of the owners on WEDNESDAY, the 8th January 1930, at 2 p.m. (S. T.) at Carnac Bridge Goods Depot, booked and unbooked articles and unclaimed bags of wheat, gram, grain-sweepings, iron packages, cotton seeds, gunny bags, etc. A descriptive list of the booked consignments over which freight and wharfage charges are due can be seen at any of the Notice Boards in the Goods Sheds at Carnac Bridge Depot.

AUCTION SALE OF 14 BALES PURNA COTTON. Messrs. MENESSE & CO. will sell by public auction on FRIDAY, the 10th instant, at 1 p.m. (S. T.) at the Cotton Depot Sewree near the Cotton Exchange Room on account of the concerned the following damaged Cotton:— 14 Bales Purna Cotton. A deposit of 25 per cent in cash will be required on the lots being knocked down.

MENESSE & CO.

J. S. MODY & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF 75 BALES OF "B. TWILLS".

Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co. will, on WEDNESDAY, the 8th day of January, 1930, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), sell by Public Auction by order of Messrs. Shaw Wallace and Co., at their Office at Khand Bazar, Kazi Syed Street, Mandvi, and on account and at the risk of Messrs. Jeram Parmanand and Co.:— 75 bales of B. Twills 44 by 26-1/2 inches, 2-1/4 lbs., 6 by 8, 3 Blue Stripes, hemmed, dry sewn, packed in iron bound bales of 300 bags. Any mill-make. November shipment, already arrived by S. S. "Canara", now lying at the Docks.

J. S. MODY & CO.

AMUSEMENTS.

Our New Drama SADHAVI MIRABAI will be staged shortly.

NOOTAN SANGIT VIDYALAYA

GRANT ROAD, BOMBAY THEATRE.

WEDNESDAY 8-1-30 at 8-30 P.M. and SATURDAY 11-1-30 at 8-30 P.M.

"SAUBHADRA"

ARJUN—PROF. SURESH BABOO, KRISHNA—SAWAI GANDHARVA.

SUBHADRA—MRS. HIRABAI BADODEKAR, RUKMINI—MRS. KAMALABAI BADODEKAR

SUNDAY, 12-1-30 AT 3-30 P. M.

SAUNSHAYA KALLOL

AND

Mrs. HIRABAI'S MUSIC CONCERT.

Tickets can be had from the Theatre, from 8 a. m. Daily.

WHITE CITY

BAZARGATE STREET OPP. MINT, FORT.

THE POPULAR RENDEZVOUS FOR A NIGHT'S FUN.

SPECIAL NEW YEAR WEEK GIFT OF Rs. 250.

now on view in the window of Messrs. Whiteaway, Laidlaw & Co., Hornby Road and will be presented at

THE WHITE CITY

ON MONDAY NIGHT, THE 13th JANUARY 1930. NEW ATTRACTIONS! NEW SIDE SHOWS. See the white city ZOO with Chimpanzee Orchestra.

FREE!

Daily at 6 P. M.

FREE!!

ADMISSION TO GROUNDS ANNAS 2

EXCELSIOR THEATRE

6-30 and 10 p.m.

VITAPHONE VODVIL REVUE

The First Series of the famous WARNER SHORTS That created such a sensation when first shown.

EMPIRE THEATRE

6-30 and 10 P.M.

ROWINA and DANDOLO

The Continental Acrobatic Dancers, IN A COMPLETE NEW PROGRAMME In conjunction with The Comedy Sensation

"GENTLEMEN PREFER BLONDES"

Featuring RUTH TAYLOR

A GLORIOUS FILM ACHIEVEMENT!

"DAUGHTER OF NAPOLEON"

The Mightiest Sublimest Picture yet produced depicting the PRIVATE and SOCIAL LIFE OF the world's greatest warrior

NAPOLEON BO. APARTE

Let no Lady or Gentleman of culture nor any student miss this supreme screen epic. OPENING 7 Parts To-night and This week. DAILY: 5-15, 7, 8-45 and 10-30 p. m. (S. T.)

NOVELTY CINEMA—Grant Road, Tram Terminus

ALADDIN

AND THE

WONDERFUL LAMP WRITTEN, ARRANGED

AND

PRODUCED FOR

BOMBAY

IN AID OF

MILITARY AND CIVILIAN EUROPEAN AND INDIAN ARMY BENEVOLENT FUND

CHARITIES.

Royal Opera House

4TH-14TH JANUARY, 1930.

UNBEATABLE RECORD

New Style—New Stunts See To-night

KRISHN'S MASTERPIECE PRODUCTION

Friend or Fiend

Photographed by MR. CHATURBHAI PATEL.

Directed by MR. BHODAS.

Featuring Miss RAMPYARI, Miss SARDAR, Mr. PAHELWAN, Mr. HAIDARSHA

A Romantic Story of one Jew Family and Fiend Friend—with dare devil Stunts and fearful fights. Sensation from Start to Finish.

Also Stage Dance and Radio Dance By Miss Hira.

TIME AS USUAL.

Krishna Cinema

Dubash Theatre, New Charni Road.

THE GLOBE

SANDHURST ROAD, NEXT SATURDAY.

A beautiful colourful love romance played out against a background of banditry and the brave man.

ROD LA ROCQUE

IN "STAND and DELIVER"

with LUPE VELEZ and WARNER OLAND.

A DONALD CRISP Production.

CROWN CINEMA

Sandhurst Road

TO-NIGHT ENTIRELY CHANGE OF PROGRAMME!

5-15, 7, 8-45 and 10-30 p.m. Monday to Friday for 5 Days

JACK PERRIN

"STARLIGHT THE UNTAMED"

As fast as the Wind, as free as the Air, Starlight, beautiful and untamed! Ruined, he started life afresh in the wide open spaces.

Also 2 TWO REELER COMEDIES

THE CAPITOL

DAILY AT 6-30 and 10 p.m.

The Man of a Thousand Faces

LON CHANEY

In a remarkable new characterisation

MOCKERY

The strangest love story ever told!

Free List Suspended.

THE RIALTO

LAMINGTON ROAD

TO-DAY at 6-30, 8-15 & 10 P.M. By Special Request

BUSTER KEATON

as the CAMERAMAN

A Landslide of Laughs!

Owing to the Public Demand

IMPERIAL CINEMA

Lamington Road,

Continues for One Week More IMPERIAL FILM CO.'S JEWEL PRODUCTION

'Wedding Night'

Featuring Miss ZILLOO, Mr. NAYAMPALLY, and MUBARAK.

"TO MISS TO REPENT"

DAILY FOUR SHOWS at 5, 7, 9 and 11 p.m.

EXTRA SHOWS On Saturday, Sunday and Bank Holidays at 3 P.M.

COMING Young India Picture ACE OF SPADE.

NURSE'S MAINTENANCE CASE DISMISSED.

"Complainant Has Absolutely Failed To Prove Allegations."

"GAMBLE" OF A "VERY DANGEROUS WOMAN."

Magistrate Orders Prosecution Of Ramabai.

Remarking that the applicant had absolutely failed to prove her allegations, the Chief Presidency Magistrate of Bombay, dismissed the application filed by Ramabai Dinanath, a Hindu nurse, claiming maintenance for her two children from Dr. C. S. Thaker, Assistant Professor in the Grant Medical College.

Ramabai appeared to be unmoved by the judgment.

The case, it may be mentioned, had excited great interest in the public, as was evident by the stream of spectators who flocked to the Court-room at the various hearings. The crowd at times assumed such big proportions that the police found it necessary to intervene and regulate it.

The proceedings of the case were marked by many interesting episodes. The interest of the case was heightened by the fact that the respondent happened to be a well-known doctor of Bombay, holding the post of Assistant Professor in the Grant Medical College. A large number of witnesses were called for the defence, among whom were doctors, advocates, nurses and clerks.

The applicant's case was that she was a nurse and met the respondent in 1923, in the house of Kamalabai, a nurse. The doctor became very friendly with her and offered to marry her under the Civil Marriage Act, if she could get employment on a decent salary. She then got a post of Health Visitor in the Infant Welfare Society on a salary of Rs. 125 per month. Relying on the representations of the doctor she allowed him to co-habit with her, and they met frequently in Kamalabai's house. She also used to go to the doctor's place at Santa Cruz.

After some time Kamalabai told her that the respondent had married another woman secretly, and the applicant on learning this charged the respondent with infidelity, but the respondent told her not to create any row and said that his marriage would not make any difference in his affection for her. He then continued visiting her and she gave birth to a daughter. Her relations continued till 1928 when Ramabai gave birth to a boy. The respondent paid her on an average of about 30 to 40 rupees per month. Soon after the birth of the boy her health being indifferent she had to leave Bombay. She then addressed him a registered letter entreating him to help her by sending her money, but he did not even care to reply to it. She then caused a notice to be sent through her pleader to which the doctor replied that the statements made in the notice were false. The applicant thereupon filed a complaint for maintenance.

The doctor denied that he had at any time co-habited with her and contended that it was nothing but an attempt on the part of the applicant to blackmail.

His Worship passed severe strictures against the conduct of Ramabai and observed:

"The applicant Ramabai is a very dangerous woman. She tried to bribe two witnesses into giving false evidence. To her it is just a gamble either in succeeding to extort money or getting some hush money, which shows the low mentality of the woman. She has not hesitated to perjure herself and fabricate false evidence."

The Magistrate added that it was a case of gross abuse of Court's process and thought it necessary to sanction the prosecution of Ramabai for making false statement and therefore ordered notice to be issued on Ramabai to show cause why she should not be prosecuted for perjury.

EVIDENCE DISCUSSED.

The Magistrate in discussing the evidence observed that the applicant had completely failed to show that the respondent was the father of the two children. But as certain allegations were made by the respondent, the Magistrate thought it fair to give him an opportunity to prove them with a view to clear his character and to ascertain if the applicant's claim was merely a case of blackmail.

The allegations made by the

respondent against the applicant was that Ramabai was not a duly qualified nurse, that she was a woman of easy virtue and that she had been living in concubinage with certain persons and that she had several children by her paramours, including the two children alleged by her to be born to the respondent and that she was a Jew by birth.

COMPLAINANT'S FALSE DIPLOMAS.

The Magistrate had no hesitation to say that the applicant had not only perjured herself, but that the diplomas produced by her were false and fictitious. The diploma produced by her was the photographic reproduction of a genuine diploma with the original name effaced and the name of Ramabai written in its place. The finding on this issue alone, remarked the magistrate, was enough to stamp the applicant as a woman "who had no compunction in deliberately trying to deceive the Court and bolster up her case by fabricated and false evidence."

Regarding the kind of life which the applicant had been leading since 1917 it was in evidence that she was in the keeping of Kantilal Sharma. It was also in evidence that the applicant was living with a dentist called Barve. The suggestion made by the applicant that the defence witness gave false evidence, the Magistrate held to be absurd.

CONCUBINAGE PROVED.

Continuing the Magistrate stated that there was ample evidence to show that Ramabai lived in concubinage with several persons. Besides Dr. Kantilal and Barve, Ramabai was on intimate terms with a man called Vasant Pandarath Nayak. Ramabai had called him as her spiritual brother. It was in evidence that Vasant used to visit Ramabai while she was at Sakori. Further in a book published at the instance of those in the management of the Upasani Maharaj Ashram, the names of the two girls Devi and Triveni, appears as Devi Vasantrao Naik and Triveni V. Naik.

In a complaint filed by Ramabai before the Third Court in 1928 she signed as Ramabai Vasant Pandarath. This was her own statement and in the opinion of the Court it was in itself conclusive to show that Ramabai did pass off as Vasant's wife. Dr. Karande also identified Vasantrao Naik and said that he (Vasant) was introduced to him as the husband of Ramabai. Other witnesses had also corroborated the version.

The Magistrate was emphatic in saying that Ramabai had several paramours and that she gave different names to her children on different occasions. The different names were given probably because on these dates she was living in concubinage with different persons.

Coming to the respondent's allegation that Ramabai was a Jewess, the Court held that it has not been proved.

"MOST DANGEROUS WOMAN."

The evidence of the applicant's witnesses, according to the Magistrate, was full of contradictions and they appeared to be "tutored and hired" witnesses. The applicant, he asserted, was a most dangerous woman who tried to bribe two witnesses into giving false evidence. She passed the document to one of the witnesses promising to pay her Rs. 200 if she was successful in this litigation. The actual words used by Ramabai in the document, the Magistrate remarked, was characteristic of the nature of the case brought against the doctor. It said that a lottery was by the two ladies (witnesses) and added: "After the lottery is successful I have to pay those ladies Rs. 200."

A GAMBLE.

To her (complainant) it was just like a gamble which showed the low mentality of the woman.

PROSECUTION AGAINST COMPLAINANT ORDERED.

His Worship therefore dismissed Ramabai's application and thought it necessary to order her prosecution for having made false statements. He therefore directed a notice to be issued on the applicant, Ramabai, under Section 195, C. P. C., for making false statements.

UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY.

Final M. B. S. Exam. (New Regulations.)

The following candidates have passed the examination:—

SECOND CLASS.

S. M. C. Abraham, R. Banerji, C. J. D'Almeida, M. A. Doctor, B. N. Gokhale, P. P. Halegan, N. G. Jambudhi, M. L. Jogtekar, A. G. Joshi, S. V. Kanitkar, D. B. Kapadia, F. B. Khambatta, S. B. Kolatkar, C. V. Mapara, N. A. Mehta, B. N. Modi, M. P. Moses, D. S. Nadkarni, Mathura Ramrao Nadkarni, J. K. Nene, N. R. Panday, M. M. Pandya, J. G. Parekh, C. S. Patel, D. F. Patel, V. T. Patwardhan, E. J. Ramdas, S. W. Sadhale, D. S. Salpekar, S. S. Satiya, J. N. Setalvad, Malinee Khanderao, Trilokekar, R. Vaish, V. Prakash.

PASS.

J. J. de D. Almeida, H. R. Bhurucha, V. B. Dababhatka, J. A. Dhruv, J. P. Khara, B. S. Nanjiani, G. V. Parikh, D. A. Shaikh, S. A. B. A. Vaidya, D. T. Chitre, S. G. Chitre, S. M. Hasan, M. N. Jog, J. G. Mahodaya, B. D. Patankar, H. A. Patel, D. R. Rawal, R. C. Swaminarayan, S. S. Thakur.

PASSED IN PART II.

R. B. Cama, F. N. Desai, A. G. Deshpande, M. C. D'Souza, V. Luis, H. V. Upadhye.

PRIZES.

Prizes, etc., are awarded as under:—

2. The Charles Morehead Prize—To No. 1 (S. M. C. Abraham).
The Bakrishna Sudamji Prize—To No. 69 (M. M. Pandya).
The Viceroy's Silver Medal, The Scholarship of the Medical Women for India Fund, The Lady Reay for India Fund, The Bai Hirabai Pestonji Hormasji Cama Gold Medal—To No. 62 (Mathura Ramrao Nadkarni).
The J. C. Lisboa Gold Medal—To No. 73 (C. S. Patel).
The Lord Sandhurst Gold Medal—To No. 14 (C. J. D'Almeida).

ATTACK ON HOLY QURAN.

Muslim Federation's Indignation

A meeting of the Council of the All-India Muslim Federation was held on Monday at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.) at 110 Cawasji Patel Street, Fort, under the chairmanship of Mr. Kazi Kabiruddin, Bar-at-Law, when the Council unanimously adopted the following resolutions:—
1. The draft address proposed to be presented to H. E. the Viceroy on his forthcoming visit to Bombay by the Federation was duly approved.
2. Resolved that this Council of the Federation is indignant at the "Hindu" paper of Surat, which has made scurrilous attack on the "Holy Quran" in its issue of the 8th December 1929 and urges the Government of Bombay to prosecute those responsible for it and respectfully suggests that such a paper should not be allowed to carry such propaganda against Islam in future.
3. Resolved that Hakeem Rashid Ahmed Khan Saheb, a member of the Federation, be heartily congratulated on his being honoured as "Shifa-ul-Mulk" by His Majesty's Government.

NO INCREASE IN MEMBERSHIP.

Our membership has not increased to the extent that it ought to have mainly because there is much misunderstanding prevalent in connection with it. Many believe it is a religious Society and has something to do with the Christian Religion because of the Cross. Only a few days ago one gentleman seriously asked me as to what relation there was between the Salvation Army and the Red Cross Society.

He concluded:—
Lastly I will appeal to the retired members of my Profession to come forward to do Honorary Propaganda Work of this Society. There is an immense amount of suffering unnecessarily caused to our masses simply through the ignorance of the ordinary laws of health and through baneful prejudices of caste and religion. That ignorance can only be combated by more and still more workers in this field.

Are Bombay Police Burking Obvious Duty?

A BEGGAR'S APPALLING SHOUTS.

"After a fairly quiet spell, Churchgate Street has once more become the object of attack from countless blind beggars and people crawling on the pavements," says "The Property Market." There is the addition too of a man who for years has "worked" in Colaba, and who heralds his approach by the most appalling shouts shadowing forth the last possible dregs of misery. He can be heard 50 yards before he arrives and 50 yards after. I, for one, will gladly contribute my regular monthly mite if only this poor fellow is taken off the streets by the police. Is it too much to hope that normal peace can be assured in this way? Whether viewed from the humanitarian point of view or as a citizen paying Police taxes, it is up to Mr. Kelly to quietly and immediately put his foot down upon this sort of thing. Until he does, he and his assistants are burking their obvious duty.

tion for having made false statements. He therefore directed a notice to be issued on the applicant, Ramabai, under Section 195, C. P. C., for making false statements.

RED CROSS SOCIETY.

Tenth Anniversary.

LADY SYKES PRESIDES.

Lady Sykes presided at a public meeting held in celebration of the Tenth Anniversary of the Indian Red Cross Society at the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall on Tuesday evening. Dr. Dhanjibhai Mehta, the chief speaker, traced the history of the Red Cross movement in India.

Her Excellency described the world-wide activities of the Red Cross Society and appealed to the Bombay public to help the Bombay branch of the Indian Red Cross Society in its great and humanitarian work.

Dr. Numan, Police Surgeon, then gave a brief history of the development of the movement in western countries.

BEGINNING OF RED CROSS

Dr. Dhanjibhai in the course of his speech said that the Indian Red Cross Society was started from the funds collected in 1917 for the relief of the sick and wounded in the Great War. A sum of one crore and 40 lakhs was collected out of which only 60 lakhs were expended. Up to the end of the war it was decided to utilise the interest accruing from the remaining 64 lakhs for the relief of the sick and suffering in India in times of peace. The Red Cross Society in India actually came into existence by a bill passed by the Assembly in 1920. The objects of the Society like that of 54 other Society's in the world was "the improvement of health, prevention of disease and mitigation of suffering in peace and in war."

After describing the various activities of the local branch the speaker continued:—

From what I have said you must have seen that the Society is doing excellent work in these peace-time, but you can also understand that a much vaster amount still requires to be done.

e.g. The Society should be the Chief Official Agency for Disaster Relief in India, like the American Red Cross. The American Red Cross is so well constituted and so well equipped that it is ready to give relief within 24 hours of a disaster occurring there. You know, relief in order to be effective should be immediate and prompt.

As President Wilson has said "To meet the duties that disaster imposes upon the generous impulses of a Nation with any degree of success and efficiency, united action is of course necessary under the Centralized Control of experienced and responsible public servants." The American Red Cross not only possesses such workers but always has some liquid money ready for such occasions.

Before a disaster strikes the American Red Cross is ready "with an Organised Committee on Disaster Relief and Sub-Committees on Food, Shelter, Clothing, Medical Aid, Finance and Transportation, and hence it is that they do not get excited, but act quickly, quietly and with authority and keep down hysteria and panic."

Another resolution put on record the valuable services rendered to the Committee by the retiring members, namely, Mr. D. G. Dalvie, Mr. Fazul Ibrahim Rahimtoolah and Mr. K. K. Master.

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"A MUCH MALIGNED BODY."

Schools Committee Meeting.

RETIRING PRESIDENT THANKED.

At a special meeting of the Bombay Municipal Schools Committee held in the Corporation Hall on Tuesday afternoon, Dr. J. V. Vora was unanimously elected chairman of the Committee for the current year.

Dr. M. C. Javle moved a resolution placing on record the invaluable services rendered to the Committee by the retiring Chairman Mr. J. B. Boman-Behram. The resolution was warmly supported by many members. Appreciative reference was made to the able manner in which Mr. Boman-Behram had conducted the business of the Committee and discharged his onerous duties to the entire satisfaction of the members. It was due to his personal efforts that the Schools Committee was successful in obtaining reductions in the rates of several school buildings. The success of the resolution moved by him in the Corporation the previous day urging on the Government the necessity of according sanction to the extension of free and compulsory education in B and E Wards, they said, was indicative of his keen interest in the education of the city.

Dr. Vora joined in the chorus of praises to the retiring chairman, and added that his job was all the more thankless because the Schools Committee was a "much maligned and misrepresented body."

MR. BOMAN-BEHRAM'S REPLY.

Mr. Boman-Behram replying in suitable terms hoped that Government would grant sanction to the scheme drafted by the Schools Committee extending compulsory education to B and E Wards. He agreed with the remarks of the previous speaker that the Schools Committee was a "much maligned" body and only hoped that the Corporation would treat it more sympathetically. They should remember that the Schools Committee was a statutory body like the Standing Committee and should not show a step-daughterly attitude towards it. He concluded by saying that the work the Schools Committee was doing now was sure to be realised and recognised a few years hence.

The resolution was unanimously passed.

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WEDNESDAY JANUARY 8, 1930

LIBERALS' FLIGHT.

Sir Chimanlal Setalvad and Sir Phiroze Sethna, both seasoned Liberals, are not usually much ruffled by the utterances of members of the British Government. But they both seem to be a little upset by the tactless utterance of Earl Russell, the new Under-Secretary of State for India. Only a few days ago they had sung at Madras such paeans of praise of the Labour Government, and Sir Chimanlal had just remarked to an obliging Press interviewer that "things were shaping well with the Labour Government in power." But even before the interview was published the unkind Earl Russell had the tactlessness to declare that Dominion Status was not possible at the moment and would not be given for a long time. Well may Sir Phiroze ejaculate: "This upsets all calculations." He goes further and plainly declares that if England "does not propose to give Dominion Status to India for a long time and they are confirmed in that idea, then perhaps no good purpose will be served in holding the Round Table Conference."

But hope springs eternal in the Liberal breast and Sir Phiroze takes it that Earl Russell's statement "has not the backing of the Cabinet." To prevent further disappointments he also hastens to assure the Government that the Liberals ask for Dominion Status "provided that the Round Table Conference they can satisfy the Home Government that the country is ripe for it; if otherwise, they will not mind some reasonable delay." The Government will thank the Liberals for the amiable assurance but the latter may have to wait pretty long before they "satisfy the Home Government the country is ripe" for Dominion Status. Incidentally, we would like to know why precisely Sir Phiroze calls Earl Russell's remarks "ill-timed." We cannot believe him to suggest that Earl Russell should have waited till the actual meeting of the "Round Table Conference". From the British point of view the remarks are certainly ill-timed. But it is best for self-respecting Indians to know the whole truth about the Conference, for not all the parties in India would join the Liberals in supporting the Conference unconditionally. Sir Chimanlal Setalvad thinks Earl Russell's statement to be inconsistent with the official declarations. Truth to tell, there is no real inconsistency. The official statements spoke only of the ultimate goal and were diplomatically silent about the immediate or speedy attainment thereof. But now that the Congress, anticipating the truth, has rejected the Conference and the Liberals have supported it unconditionally, Earl Russell is bold enough to state the plain truth.

The British Government is not going to give Dominion Status or anything like it unless it is compelled to give it. At present the compelling force comes only from the Congress. But the pity of it is that the Liberals, instead of adding to that force through their own sanctions behind their own demands, seem to be more eager

to fight the Indian Congress struggling for liberty than the foreign Government openly refusing to give liberty. Sir Phiroze Sethna, instead of seeing in Earl Russell's plain threat a convincing reason for the Liberals fighting by the side of the Congress, is only sorry that the threat is a "damper on the enthusiasm of the different parties in the country who mean to fight the Independence campaign started by the Congress." Do the Liberals realise what a pitiful spectacle they present to the patriotic self-respecting people of the world and would present to the future generations of India?

THE CONVINCED AND THE
CONVICTED.

Art need not be assisted on the sly. For, neither art nor culture, neither the artists nor the exponents of art, need apologies. If they claim attention and support, as they are fully entitled to do, they are only giving an opportunity to the intellectuals to justify their existence as representatives of a civilised community. This obligation has been, practically, left unfulfilled. And, the prominence, positions and privileges which most of the intellectuals have hitherto obtained and enjoyed as the "educated" class seem only to have increased their studied indifference towards creative thought, art and culture. Neither their irresponsibility nor their continued indifference has, however, restrained, much less prevented, them from indulging in the sickening platitudes and attitudes with which they almost invariably choose to decorate their high-flown utterances in public gatherings. This is not the limit. Without their having ever made an honest effort to know or understand them, they feel called upon to apologise with mock modesty and at the same time and in the same breath pronounce with cocksure finality judgment on the artistic potentialities of the city, the Presidency and the country. Probably, they have remained unaware that this species of mental approach towards cultural problems of vital importance to the nation has been clearly recognised as not less offensive than obsolete by the advanced intelligentsia stirred to alertness by the newly-awakened art consciousness in the country. Probably, they are still unaware that the angle of vision has been changed, and the position altered and reversed. The recent conferences and discussions on music, the efforts of the "Rasa-Madnal" Sangit Majlis, and, lastly, the speeches at the gatherings organised by the Saraswati Sangit Vidyalaya and the School of Indian Music should arouse them to recognise the full implications of the fact that the moment has arrived when public opinion demands immediate satisfaction from those eager to maintain their position and influence as popular representatives in the University, the Municipality and the Legislature. They stand convicted. The question has ceased to be their sole concern.

They should convince public opinion of the practical efforts they have hitherto made to free themselves from the charge of indifference and irresponsibility it has definitely framed against them. The speeches, for example, of Dr. G. V. Deshmukh and of Mr. K. H. Vakil should leave no doubt about the gathering indignation against their continued apathy and the resolute determination against the irresponsibility which seeks shelter under fancy and preposterous excuses. Mr. Dalal, the Municipal Commissioner, who presided on the occasion of the prize distribution ceremony of the School of Indian Music, wisely, referred to the artistic and cultural responsibilities undertaken by the advanced Municipalities in the West. He was, moreover, entirely justified in the restrained manner in which he endeavoured to des-

cribe the efforts made by the Municipality to promote and popularise Indian music. And, as he must have observed, his announcement of the periodic recitation of popular ballads which the Municipality proposes soon to organise received the hearty response it deserved from the gathering. Appreciation of these endeavours does not cease to be appreciation if it is not indiscriminate, if it is not in direct proportion to the quantity of money spent for instruction in music or to the number of the instructed. It is a pity, however, that Mr. Dalal who began, very wisely, by disowning responsibility for the affairs in the University should have ultimately chosen to plead for those accustomed to ingenious but disingenuous excuses and deliberate and repeated avoidance of current artistic and cultural demands. Will it surprise Mr. Dalal and those who may think like him to know that nearly four years ago the University Reforms Committee suggested the formation of a committee to discuss and decide the problems of instruction in Indian music? Surely, four years are more than enough even for the Bombay University to assume the responsibility and initiative for this modest proposal. Surely, it implies or involves no disastrous catastrophe. Will it surprise them, moreover, to learn that the Lucknow University, the Nagpur University, the college of Music at Chidambaram, the Gwalior School and the schools under the control of the Department of Public Instruction in Calcutta have, for example, despite conditions almost identical with those in Bombay, been already functioning and have that is the irony—gone ahead with the assistance precisely of those in Bombay who have been, the superior wisdom and intelligence which dominates the University and the Municipality, deliberately and systematically overlooked. The secret is no longer a secret. It can no longer be preserved as a secret. It has leaked out. The Bombay University stands convicted. It is the Bombay University that should now, without the slightest delay, convince public opinion that it has seen and is resolved to remedy the error of its ways, not the artists, nor the exponents and advocates of art. It is now for the Bombay University to issue invitations for the long-promised and long-delayed committee. The preposterous excuses by which some of the reactionaries seek to delay its formation are an insult to responsible intelligence. And, the insult has been recognised as intolerable. Fortunately, there are those in this city who have no intention what-so-ever to permit obsolete reactionaries to perpetuate the slur which they have, by their tactics and continued irresponsibility cast on the city. Recent public utterances, discussions, gatherings and resolutions are a warning sign for the beginning of the end of the irresponsible tactics.

THE CONTRAST.

Mr. William Ravell, one of the British delegates to the World Engineering Congress, held in Japan in October last who is now in India, is naturally much impressed by the striking contrast between the rapid progress, industrial and educational, in Japan and the tortuously slow pace of advance in India. He rightly attributes the remarkable industrial progress in Japan to the equally remarkable progress of education in the country and especially of technical education. But he has not yet expressed his view about the secret of the difference between Japan and India. Nearly the whole secret is that Japan is free and India is not. Japan educates all her children and finds the funds necessary for the purpose. But the Indian Government only talks of education but starves it financially. Thus it is that while 90 per cent of the people in Japan are literate, 90 per cent are utterly illiterate in India. Mr. Ravell will soon be in Bombay and discover if he takes the trouble, that even in this "Urbs Prima" compulsory primary education is limited to but two wards of the city and that the Bombay Government is not yet prepared to extend it to even two more wards. Is it any wonder that the people of the country are disgusted with the present state of things and strive to be as free as Japan is?

SCIENCE AND RELIGION.

THE EXISTENCE OF GOD.

(BY DR. C. L. D'AVOINE.)

In common parlance, the word "God" is generally understood to mean a Personal God. Such, at any rate, is the meaning attached to the word by Jews, Mahomedans and Christians. Popular fancy imagines this personal God to be "Our Father in Heaven" who watches over us and controls everything. This father in heaven created by Semitic barbarians, whom Matthew Arnold likens to a much magnified man, is a god-idea that belongs to the childhood of mankind—the only possible manner in which semi-civilized men could think about God. Religion has found this to be a very practical and popular definition and has encouraged its belief. It appeals to the imagination of the masses, and to-day we find it to be still very wide-spread, though by no means universal, as Buddhism and Hinduism, the followers of which number half the population of the globe, do not teach the existence of a personal God.

NATURAL SUPPOSITION.

The idea of the fatherhood of God was undoubtedly a very plausible and natural one, when our idea of the Universe was different from what it is now. When it was universally believed that our Earth was the centre of the universe, and that everything came into existence, out of nothing, by the magic wand of a creator, whose abode was in heaven above our heads it was but natural to imagine this creator to be a sort of father who watches over his creatures. We were asked to admire the bright side of nature and to see his benevolence every where. Now, that our idea of the universe has been so much changed by modern knowledge, this idea is no longer acceptable. Serious thinkers, including many eminent theologians, admit that this idea belongs to the childhood of mankind. Bishop Gore, who is an acknowledged authority on theology, says in his "Belief in God," page 45:—"The most pressing question is not whether we can believe in God, but what sort of God it is in whom we can most believe. Atheism is rare and agnosticism is a question of degree. In some sense we must all be agnostics, inasmuch as on all showing, God passes our understanding. The important

question is: How must we know or rationally believe about God?"

THE UNCERTAINTY.

Ahmed Khan from Nill Bazaar, Ranchunder Gopal from Gorup Deo and Alexander Dias from Bandra, would reply that they know all about him; but the learned are not so sure about it. For instance, Professor C. D. Board, a well known thinker, says in the "Hibbert Journal" January 1926, page 48: "Whether there be in fact a personal God or not, it seems to me that we have no good reason to believe in the existence of such a being. I think that there are such grave difficulties in the notion of a God in the theological sense that there are strong reasons against believing that such a being exists."

ARGUMENTS IN FAVOUR.

There are many who believe that there are strong evidences that God exists and many arguments have been urged in favour of such an existence. There are the Design Argument, the Metaphysical Argument, the Theological Argument, the Ontological Argument, and others. They have all hopelessly failed to prove anything—Nature is as silent as ever, and the grave does not yield its secret. Many think that we have an "a priori" knowledge of such an existence, and others speak of their own religious experience. Our belief, of course, depends a good deal on our early education, and most of us have been taught to believe, without question, in the existence of God.

GOD, AS CONCEIVED BY
PRIESTS.

Honestly, I cannot believe in a Personal God as taught by our priests. They have made him too petty, too capricious and barbarous, too human-like in his likes and dislikes, to be really the majestic creator of this wonderful universe. If a God exists I should like to believe that he is too transcendental for my poor understanding. I should like to think of him as too majestic and great to hanker after flatteries, senseless prayers, and glorification. Why should the Creator of the Universe be ever caring to be worshipped and glorified, and why should he be a jealous God who is only partial to certain people? Why should he

(Continued on page 9.)

WHO ARE THE "BRITISH
FASCISTS"?

AN ANALYSIS AND A MORAL.

(BY "OBSERVER").

Modesty does not appear to be one of the virtues that are so vauntingly associated with the "British Fascists" by, curiously enough, "themselves," and the epistle that was published in the correspondence columns of this journal on the 25th December looks more like a hoax than anything like even a piece of mediocre business: one is inclined, indeed, to treat this rather amusing communication from "the Press correspondent, British Fascists," as a joke which is too good to have any relation to reality.

"REDUCTIO AD ABSURDUM."

Assuming, however, real existence of the British Fascists who claim to be "the oldest, most numerous, and most powerful of such organisations in Britain," one is unable to reconcile such a statement as

"we are an organization of loyal citizens pledged to defend the Throne and Empire, and we recognize no distinction of class at all. That is why the British Fascists are a democratic body, because they are open to membership of all loyal British subjects who agree with our objects";

"we wish to uphold the high tradition of our nation, and to discharge to the full its international responsibilities as the guardian of developing races within the Empire; and at the same time we wish to defend our people at home from rotting with the cancer of socialism. We mean our children to be as British as we are ourselves and not mere soulless lackeys of the Moscow terrorists."

The whole statement is full of such gross contradictions as are contained in the words I have quoted above. The only conclusion to which one is reduced is that this "democratic body" (which would appear to have developed a patrician passion for choice adjectives in the superlative degree) is nothing more or less than a group of men whose "raison d'être" consists of strike-breaking and the various activities connected with

AN ELOQUENT CREDO.

The Press correspondent confirms this by saying:—

"While standing in fearless and firm opposition to the Labour Government and its nationally destructive doctrines, we wish it to be quite clearly understood that we are most emphatically constitutionalists and are pledged to constitutional methods of achieving our purpose."

We do not wish to destroy the national system of Government but to see it purified and efficiently functioning."

This really insults one's intellect. One demands to know whether the present Labour Government is "not" a constitutional one and whether, in forming his Ministry after a constitutional general-election, Mr. Ramsay MacDonald received his sanction from the British throne or from Comrade Zinovieff of the U. S. S. R. And, again, are the "Socialists" of the Labour Party whose general policy, while in power, is actually receiving reasonable support from the other principal political parties, "soulless lackeys of the Moscow terrorists?"

Unless the British Fascists are denied the powers of ordinary intelligence they ought to see the difference between the conception of Socialism which (or Communism, for that matter, as Prof. Lasky proves in a brilliant study) is older than the Fabian Society, which, in its turn, is certainly older than the Soviet Government, and any other "ism" that is in any way supported by the U. S. S. R.

WHAT'S IN A NAME?

The British Fascists, therefore, seem to be a native growth (of the same species of international soil) of the Trade Union movement which is certainly better organised in Britain. One is well acquainted with their spiritual cousins in American industrial centres, and even in this city, whose activities during industrial disputes are only too familiar to us all. And in matters of their essential identity, names do not matter—what's in the name, after all?

NOTES OF THE DAY.

Right Attitude.

There will be considerable satisfaction in Germany over the declaration of the American Government, mentioned in the American-German Debt Agreement, that "the United States accepts Germany's good faith and credit as the sole security for the guarantee of payment of her obligations under the Agreement". This generous attitude should be an eye-opener to the French chauvinists who find that in regard to the question of sanctions in case of German default in payment Britain also, as Mr. Snowden informed the German Finance Minister, is not interested in taking the initiative in tackling it. The major Powers, who are leaving the Powers of the Little Entente and Austria to compose their own differences regarding the ratification of the Young Plan and propose to put it into operation without the signatures of their smaller cousins, are really running away from the issue. The Young Plan will work satisfactorily only when all the members of the Hague Conference agree to co-operate heartily in making it a success, but it is certainly encouraging that Britain and America should emphasize the necessity of depending more upon the good faith of Germany than of terrorising her, in agreement with French wishes, with the threat of an imposing pallade of sanctions.

Tip to British Die-hards.

The "Daily Herald's" suggestion to the British die-hards that "the inflammatory and most reprehensible language" indulged in by certain public men in Britain in connection with Indian policy is most inopportune and unwise will, we are afraid, fall only on sterile soil. The Labour journal complains particularly of recent attacks in the Rothermere Press on Lord Irwin. It visualises the Viceroy as "a strong barrier between passionate extremes" a description with which Indians have no reason to quarrel, but they are entitled to ask why the MacDonald Government who, according to the "Daily Herald", "are steadily pursuing the path towards Dominion Status for India" were unable to empower their "Agent in India" to pursue a policy of conciliation at a crucial stage in his negotiations with Indian leaders. What prevented them from considering favourably the reasonable demands made in the Delhi-Allahabad manifesto?

Journalists' Conference.

The Journalists' Conference that met at Lahore during the Congress week was arranged too late by its local organisers to make it quite as large or representative as it deserved to be. This fact itself testifies to some extent to the depressed and disorganised condition of journalism in this country. The whole world has readily acknowledged its indebtedness to the Press as a potent educative force, and progressive nations vigilantly safeguard the status and interests of their Press. Even in India the influence of the Press is appreciable, but the numerous disabilities it is subjected to prevent that influence from being as powerful, wide and wholesome as it can and deserves to be. The President of the Conference vividly described many of these disabilities and their depressing influence on Indian journalists and made some helpful suggestions for raising the status of the Indian Press. We are glad to notice that several of these suggestions have been embodied in the resolutions of the Conference and we trust earnest efforts will be made to give effect to them.

A Census of Journalists.

The main resolution urged the convening of a conference of experienced journalists to discuss in detail the question of forming an All-India journalists' organisation to protect and advance the cause of journalism. As a preliminary to the Conference it is proposed to prepare a census of working journalists in India "with a record of status, pay and prospects of various grades of workers to enable the proposed Journalists' Conference to decide on the best course of promoting the cause of journalism." If the census is full and accurate enough, it is sure to be a revelation to many. The efforts to organise journalists are much belated, but it is always better late than never. Journalists, like other workers, will do well to realise that in these days of unbridled competition, they alone can work out their salvation and that principally through sound organisation.

Relief.

Young Poet: "Yes, I have written a large number of poems, but I do not propose having them published until after my death." Chorus of Friends (raising their hats): "Here's long life to you, old man."

The World Of Sport.

"THROUGH MY GLASSES."

What The Running Tells.

(BY "PILOT")

Trainer Harrison had one of his occasional "great" days last Saturday. Kilderskin and Ballybrophy both won for him and had Adwan and Miss Mount obliged in their races he should have brought off a quadruple. However, the mishap to his smart filly Spanish Wish caused him genuine alarm. She came in with a nasty gash on the off hind leg and it is feared that a tendon has been injured.

Harding and Beismann were in the limelight among the jockeys. Both brought off a double and narrowly missed a treble.

Whiteside the new Australian light weight has quickly made good as anticipated when I wrote about him in these columns several weeks ago. This young horseman was associated with the stable of Capt. D'Arcy in Australia and steered several winners for Mr. Langley's ex-trainer.

MONEY MAKER was finishing on in the race won by British Lion and gave one the impression that he would have been better suited by a longer journey. There is bound to be another race for this grey and he is worth a following.

Six furlongs was a trifle short for MUJAAMA who was traveling very fast at the end of the journey in Division III. This chestnut is going to bring back some of the money lost on him. Make note of him.

Sibbritt employed new tactics on Mantilla by going to the front early. The five year old cracked up in the last furlong and failed to secure a remunerative placing. She is proving rather an expensive horse to follow, but must be given one more chance.

CHABOOTRA was hard tried in the Ayrshire Plate won by De Beers II. Mr. Pine's gelding cannot go through the season without winning a race of some sort. Give him a place on your list.

Running on with notable stoutness Garibaldi was a late fourth in the Mahim Plate Division I. He is sure to win at a nice price one of these days for he is in top-hole fettle at the moment.

Keep an eye on LUCKY STAR. Byramjee has this brilliant bay nicely keyed up and may slip him for a big event one of these days. His appearance in the Mahim Plate, Division I was in the nature of a gallop and he ran a good race.

GOVERNOR II found nine furlongs a little more than he care to travel at present but the Kolhapur Stable should be credited with a winning success when this one goes over a shorter course (seven furlongs) to a mile.

PASHA has had poor sort of luck this season though he has won a race. Malone has this grey in fine trim and he must be seen to advantage when next saddled.

When WARWICK is sent over a mile he should be backed. He is nicely to hand and obviously found the six furlongs of the Sion Plate B a little too fast last Wednesday.

Horses to note:—SUN ARCH, TREYLOD, CUL-DE-SAC, MOON SPARK, and PENETRATE.

NAGPUR ATHLETIC SPORTS.

(From Our Correspondent.)

NAGPUR, Jan. 6. Under the auspices of the Nagpur Physical Culture Institute a

tournament of athletic sports was held in the Chitnavis Park in the last week.

A number of physical culture institutes of the Central Provinces and Berar participated in the tournament.

The championship medal was annexed by Mr. Rajaram Laxman Kane of the Bharat Vyayam Shala. The Cup for the best Drill team was won by the Bharat Vyayam Shala.

Mr. M. G. Chitnavis presided on the occasion of the prize distribution.

C. P. AND BERAR TENNIS TOURNAMENT.

(From Our Correspondent.)

NAGPUR, Jan. 6. The annual Central Provinces and Berar Tennis and Billiard tournaments were played at Jubbulpore during the Christmas holidays.

In the Men's Open Doubles Finals Roy and Shaw beat Chowdhuri and B. H. Joshi 6-1, 8-6, 9-7.

In singles Chowdhuri beat Roy 6-2, 6-4.

In the Billiards final match of 300 up S. M. G. G. beat M. K. G. G. by 118.

Mr. E. M. Joshi annexed a special prize for the most graceful play during the whole of the tournament.

Professor M. Ghose awarded another special prize to Jimmy Meh-ta, a young tennis enthusiast.

Mr. Shyvan Sunder Bhareava, President of the Jubbulpore Municipality distributed the various trophies to the winners.

JIND LOG SHOW.

SANGRUR, Jan. 6.

The 11th Jind championship show took place on Saturday in the usual spot. All arrangements (both for the guests and for the dogs) were splendidly managed. There were fewer entries than usual but the attendance was good.

The prizes at the end of the day were given away by Mrs. Fitz Patrick.—A. P.

CRICKET IN AHMEDABAD.

A two-days' cricket match was played in Ahmedabad between Dane's XI from Bombay and Kan-shik Mahadevi's XI on the 2nd and 3rd instant on the Gajarat Colle ground. Prince Ghanshyam Sinhi of Limbi played for the Bombay team.

Dave won the toss and put his side in. The first wicket fell for 42, but then there was a collapse and the whole side was out for 106 runs. The principal scorers were Jog and C. N. Mehta who contributed 32 and 25 respectively.

For the home team Rambhai Patel bowled exceptionally well and kept the batsmen guessing throughout. He captured 5 wickets for 47 runs, but he bowled better than his figures indicate.

The home team then went in to bat and scored 226 runs, the principal scorers being Mahendra and Nathalal Dave with scores of 52 and 39 respectively. Godambe bowled very steadily and secured 3 wickets for 60 runs in 24 overs.

In the time that remained for play, the visitors scored 101 runs for 4 wickets, Champak Mehta scoring 36 runs. The match was left drawn.

PROFITING BY SCHNEIDER TROPHY COMPETITIONS.

New Service Machine Introduced In R. A. Force.

LONDON, Jan. 6.

Rugby—New service machines with high flying speed have been introduced to-day into the Royal Air Force. They are the direct result of the gained in the Schneider trophy competitions. It is declared that they justify the risks and the large expenditure involved in these competitions. The engines used are the British machines which broke the world's speed record in the contest over the Solent last year; and the streamline designs that were adopted for those machines have been incorporated in the new fighting machines. In 1925 America gained the world's record at what was then regarded as a phenomenal speed, of 177 miles per hour. For some time past, the British Royal Air Force has had in service Bristol Building machines with a speed in excess of this—machines that are not mere racers, but carry full equipment. The machines that are now being put into service mark a further advance; and it is claimed will be easily superior in performance to any machine produced abroad.—B. O. W.

OUT TO MAKE WORLD'S LAND SPEED RECORD.

Racing Motorist's Test.

LONDON, Jan. 6.

Rugby—The famous British racing motorist Kaye Don, who expects to make an attempt this year on the world's land speed record of 231 miles per hour held by Sir Henry Segrave, yesterday tested in a racing car the suitability of the Pendine Sands, in Carmarthenshire, for such an effort. He kept the visit a secret in order to have the seven-mile stretch of the Sands clear. He used the Sunbeam Tiger car in which Sir Henry Segrave won the world's record in 1926, and although it was raining and a gale was blowing, he drove over the course at 145 miles per hour. The Sands were too wet to enable him to form a definite opinion on their suitability and he will make a further test after consulting the designer on the acceleration and deceleration of the Sunbeam 4,000 horse power Silver Bullet, which was constructed for an attempt on the world's record.—B. O. W.

SHIPPING CONFERENCE.

Calcutta Press On Break-Down.

CALCUTTA, Jan. 7.

Commenting on the failure of the Shipping Conference, the "Liberty" says:—

"The Government of India cannot, however, allow the matter to rest where it has been left by the breakdown of the Conference. Indians are firmly convinced that the development of Indian Mercantile Marine is impossible without putting a ban on foreign vessels plying in Indian waters. The interests of Indian and foreign shipping companies are bound to collide and in any serious conflict between the two it is the paramount duty of the Government of India to come to the rescue of Indian shipping companies."

"THE ENGLISHMAN."

"The offer of the British representatives," says the "Englishman," commenting on the Shipping Conference held at Delhi, "was fair and reasonable, but naturally unsuitable to the interests, behind Mr. Hajji's Bill."

Concluding the paper says: "Indian attack on British shipping has throughout been viewed seriously, because it is the spearhead of attack which if not smashed, will some day be applied to every form of British industry in India. Indian nationalism of the extreme brand has in fact, brought to a fine art the philosophy of 'heads I win, tails you lose.'"

"THE STATESMAN"

Commenting on the same subject the "Statesman" says: "Indian members at the Conference seem to have stood by Mr. Hajji's Bill which provides no rise and prescribes five years as the time limit (for eliminating foreign shipping from coastal waters)."

The paper proceeds: "The threats of confiscation are dangerous things to indulge in prematurely. It will be a real service to India that the Bill should disappear. Most of the party for confiscation are now pledged to independence and to resignation of their seats, so that if the Bill should come again they will not be there to oppose it. Mr. Hajji's Bill," concludes the paper, "has been one of the principal factors during the last year in creating British opposition of Indian self-Government."

"THE ADVANCE."

The "Advance" says: "The discussion in shipping conference must have brought home to those who have eyes to see that the so-called Round Table Conference is doomed to an ignominious failure." The Bangladesh says: "The duty of Government is to see Mr. Hajji's Bill placed on the Statute Book."

"A. B. PATRIKA."

Commenting on the breakdown on the Shipping Conference, the "Amritbazar Patrika" says:—"The breakdown shows that in vital matters economic and political, there is a fundamental conflict between British and Indian interests and where the Britisher's fundamental interests are concerned, he will not be influenced by consideration of justice."

Proceeding the paper says: India has no Mercantile Marine. All the Mercantile Marine, and all efforts to develop a Mercantile Marine have been frustrated by the rate war and other devices. There could be no greater wrong inflicted on the nation and it is to England to make some compensation for the loss if she has any consideration for justice or sense of shame.

The proposal of the British representatives, says the paper, is audacious and were merely to

dodge and prevent the consideration of practical proposals."

"THE BASUMATI"

The "Basumati" commenting on the same subject says:—

"The British refusal to agree either to reduction of tonnage or abandoning the unauthorised rate cutting practices and above all the offer of concessions to existing Indian companies show the clay feet of all arguments about racial discrimination and expropriation. The Government owes to the taxpayers of the country to support Mr. Hajji's Bill wholeheartedly. Since half measures will not satisfy either of the contending parties, they should not throw sons to British vested interests at the expense of Indian taxpayers.—Free Press."

HOW DELHI PRESS VIEWS IT.

NEW DELHI, Jan. 7.

Commenting on the failure of the Shipping Conference which was held on January 4th and 5th at New Delhi, the "Hindustan Times" writes:—

"At the present moment as has been pointed out by Mr. Walchand Hirachand on more than one occasion, the tonnage in Indian Coastal trade is much in excess of the actual demand. What is needed is withdrawal of surplus tonnage from Indian coastal trade. The idea of forcing Indian Companies to buy existing fleet as it stands including such ships that will go out of commission in a few years, is too wild to be seriously entertained. His Excellency the Viceroy ought not to have any difficulty in recommending that Mr. Hajji's Bill be proceeded with in the usual course."

In this connection we cannot but deeply deplore the decision of the Congress in deciding on boycott of Councils. Already Anglo-India is feeling jubilant that the prospect of Mr. Hajji's Bill is anything but rosy in view of the resignation of Congressmen. The fact cannot be too often emphasised that there is work enough for Indian nation builders within as well as without the Assembly.

Referring to non-attendance of representatives of British shipping interests in the Conference, the paper comments: "Their answer to the invitation is non-cooperation. The way in which the Viceroy's courtesy was reciprocated is exceedingly illuminating."

Commenting on the same subject the "Daily Chronicle" writes:—"The Shipping Conference convened by the Government has ended in a fiasco. Such a result was inevitable. Negotiations were approached in a wrong temper. The paper wonders what chances there are for reopening the subject fruitfully.—Free Press."

FRENCH LOAN FOR AFGHANISTAN.

King Nadir Shah's Reconstruction Projects.

"The idea prevalent in India that there is no love lost between Nadir Shah and ex-King Amanullah is wholly erroneous and is opposed to the facts. It merely betrays the ignorance of the ignorance of the people of India with regard to the true state of affairs in Afghanistan," said, in an interview, with the "Pioneer," Mr. Abdul Ali, of the United Provinces, who has just returned to India after spending four months in Kabul.

"I have several times met and talked to Nadir Shah and was present when he victoriously entered Kabul at the beginning of October last. I can therefore say on my personal knowledge that Nadir Shah has still a deep regard and love for Amanullah Khan, and that he has had to bear the burden of the kingship which has been forced on him."

In order to finance development projects King Nadir Khan was trying to raise a loan, most probably in France, to which country, on account of his several years of sojourn, he was greatly attached.

INDIA AND AFGHANISTAN. Mr. Abdul Ali added that he had heard it freely stated in Kabul that the relations of Afghanistan with India would be very much on the same lines as they were in the time of the late Amir Habibullah (not Baccal-Hakkau but a former Amir).

Summing up, Mr. Abdul Ali said that the tribes, notably the Waziris, were divided on the question of the recall of Amanullah Khan but only when unanimity had been reached amongst them—an impossible thing in Afghanistan—would the time come for it. Meanwhile King Nadir Khan would keep the throne for himself.

LIBERALS AND ANGLO-INDIAN PRESS.

Devious Diplomacy.

The "Leader" writes:—The "Times of India" has been offering some friendly advice to

CROWN PRINCE'S WEDDING.

ROME A BLAZE OF ILLUMINATION.

Stringent Precautions

LONDON, Jan. 6.

Rome—Three Kings of Italy, Belgians and Bulgaria, the Crown Prince of Italy, the Duke of York, and other Princes and Princesses from all over Europe who have gathered for Princess, Marie Jose's wedding motored to the King's hunting lodge Castel Porziano. There was brilliant sunshine and in the day's shooting most of sportsmen made good bags of wild boar, deer, hare, etc. The Duke of York was particularly fine.

The city is flooded with light; every night great fountains are illuminated. Street-lighting has been increased fourfold and multi-coloured searchlights are adorning trees on the avenues near the Quirinal. Most stringent precautions have been taken against outrage during the festivities in connection with the Royal wedding. All flying throughout Italy has been stopped lest bombs should be dropped from air. All people in motor cars arriving in Rome are thoroughly searched and all luggage closely examined.—Reuter.

Railway Commissioners At Calcutta.

Mr. A. A. L. Parsons, Financial Commissioner of Railways, met the Committee of Bengal National Chamber of Commerce this afternoon. Mr. Nalir Ranjan Sarkar, Vice-President of the Chamber, placed before Mr. Parsons demands of the Chamber which he divided under three heads namely the needs or (1) general reduction of prevalent freights and fares, (2) revision of India Railways Act of 1924 and (3) restricting capital expenditure. Mr. Parsons discussed the points with members of the Committee who included Mr. J. B. P. Dr. Narendranath, Mr. P. H. Harisankar, Paul, Mr. W. J. Manjiv and Mr. J. C. Banerjee.—A. P.

Naval C-In-C In Rangoon.

RANGOON, Jan. 7.

His Excellency the Naval Commander-in-Chief made a public arrival here yesterday and there was an exchange of visits between him and His Excellency the Governor.—A. P.

COAL MINING INDUSTRY.

Attempt At International Solution Of Problems.

RUGBY, Jan. 7.

At Geneva yesterday the Preparatory Technical Conference on conditions in the coalmining industry which aims at securing an international solution of certain of the industry's more critical problems was opened. Mr. W. R. Smith Parliamentary Secretary to the Board of Trade being elected president.

The days proceedings were devoted to general statements by the representatives of nine European coal-producing States taking part in the Conference.

Sir Sydney Chapman said that the British Government heartily welcomed convention on hours of labour in coal-mining industry and would welcome, if possible, one also of wages and conditions of work. The British Government was in sympathy with all attempts to standardise labour conditions when circumstances were ripe for such standardisations.—B. O. W.

The Liberals. It asks them to "take command of the situation" and tells them that "the country awaits their leadership." The advice of this Anglo-Indian organ is not always disinterested. If it is really anxious that the Liberals should "take command of the situation" it should, instead of asking them to conduct sustained and vigorous propaganda among the electorate, press upon the Government to abandon once for all the policy which has enabled the extremist elements to "take command of the situation" and has progressively weakened the position of the Liberals and other responsible and moderate sections of Indian politicians. The Liberals do not stand in need of any exhortation from Anglo-Indian papers to do their duty by the country, but they cannot forget how in the recent past they incurred the displeasure of these journals over the Simon Commission boycott. The existence of the Liberals is generally remembered when the left wing of Indian nationalism threatens to make it rather hot for Government. And when the extremist programme fails, owing often to its own inherent unsoundness, they are forgotten. And when in collaboration with other political parties they put forward a scheme of constitutional reform embodying the national demand, they are ridiculed. They are fully aware of the devious diplomacy of these organs of vested interests.

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CREAM and FACE POWDER

CONFERENCE WEEK IN C. P. AND BERAR.

State's Duty To Educate Boys And Girls.

(From Our Correspondent.)

NAGPUR, Jan. 6. A number of conferences were held in the Central Provinces and Berar during the Xmas holidays. Among them were the Secondary Teachers Conference, the C. P. and Berar Non-Brahmin Conference, the "Depressed" Classes meeting at Wardha and the All-India Bengali Literary Conference. C. P. NON-BRAHMIN CONFERENCE.

At the sixth session of the C. P. and Berar Non-Brahmin Conference held at Wardha Mr. Navale presiding, resolutions were passed welcoming the announcement of the Round Table Conference and declaring the willingness of the non-Brahmin Party to co-operate in it with other political parties in the country; condemning the outrage on the Viceroy's train at Delhi and congratulating their Excellencies the Viceroy and Lady Irwin on their providential escape and demanding separate electorates for the Brahmins and the "depressed" classes and joint electorates for the rest with reservation of seats.

TEACHERS' CONFERENCE.

Presiding over the first Conference of the Secondary School teachers of the C. P. and Berar Rev. Dr. J. F. McPadyen, Dean of the Faculty of Arts and Vice-Chancellor of the Nagpur University said that although there was a rapid development in the education of girls, it was no exaggeration to say that the entire female population was out of the educational system. In his opinion the time had come when they should adopt the curriculum to the needs of the girls and pleaded for the inclusion of music and domestic science in the curriculum of girls. He said that the education of boys and girls was not the concern of parents only but it was the duty of the State also to see that nobody was refused the benefit of education on account of his poverty.

With regard to the proposal for making vernacular as medium of instruction, Dr. McPadyen said that during his tour in connection with the Curriculum Revision Committee he found that there was practically no support for the Committee's proposal to make English an optional subject in High Schools and that students were being compelled to take the vernacular medium. He suggested that in this matter public opinion might be consulted. Resolutions were passed urging that compulsory military training be given to boys of the X and XI classes of High Schools and the need for providing play grounds for girls.

HINDU MAHA SABHA.

At the C. P. Provincial Hindu Conference which was presided over by Babu Jagatnaran Lal, resolutions were passed requesting that in case the proposal for a round table conference materialised the Hindu Mahasabha representing the largest and most influential community in the country should be invited to choose its own representatives in the measure of its importance. Another resolution, emphatically repudiated the Muslim demand for separation of Sind and warning the Congress that in case the Nehru Report which represents the greatest common measure of agreement between the Hindu and Moslem leaders, is re-opened for conceding further demands of Moslems, the Mahasabha will be obliged to reject the report in its entirety.

REPARATIONS CONFERENCE.

Discussion Regarding Date For Payment.

RUGBY, Jan. 2.

At the adjourned Reparations Conference at Hague, yesterday, the Ministers of the six warring Powers discussed inconclusively the question of the date on which German payments under the Young Plan should be made.

The proposal of Creditor Powers that payments should be made on 15th of each month was resisted by the German delegates who claimed that they had assumed that payment would be made at the end of each month. Newspapers state that Germans protested that earlier payments would involve them in a loss of interest amounting in a year to five million marks whereas the Creditor Powers declared that expert calculations had been based on the payments on the 15th and the August Session of the Conference had reckoned upon payments on that date. If the German contention were accepted Creditor Powers would lose this interest.

More time to study the details of the proposed plan of payments was asked for by German delegates and discussion will be resumed on Thursday. The British delegates regard the raising of sanctions in the event of deliberate default as unnecessary, but the matter was discussed as between the French and the Germans during the afternoon and the French delegation will to-day present a proposal embodying their ideas of a solution.

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ing the afternoon and the French delegation will to-day present a proposal embodying their ideas of a solution.

The non-German Reparation Committee after hearing the statements in regard to the Austrian and the Bulgarian cases by representatives of Austria, Czechoslovakia, Roumania, Poland and Bulgaria, appointed a Drafting Committee to work on the proposals for effecting certain modifications in the scheme of payments—B. O. W.

BARODA STATE SUBJECTS' CONFERENCE.

Ninth Session Meets At Navsari During Holi.

(From Our Correspondent.)

NAVARSARI, Jan. 6. The ninth session of the Baroda State Subjects' Conference meets at Navsari during the ensuing Holi holidays when an Agricultural and Industrial Exhibition is to be organised under its auspices. An influential Committee of workers from all the Talukas of the Prant has been entrusted with the task of forming a Reception Committee. Members of the Reception Committee are at present being enlisted and there has been a very good response, youths everywhere readily responding. Over 250 have been already on the list and the number is daily increasing. Messrs. Tahmankar and Patel from Navsari accompanied by Rangidas Kapadia have been touring in the Dandevi Taluka at present for the work and every village has given its satisfactory quota. One would not be surprised if the Reception Committee in course of time will be a thousand strong.

Brisk preparations are being made both for the success of the Prajamandal and the Exhibition, the latter being entrusted to the safe hands of Mr. Chandorikar. Applications for stalls are being invited from all the indigenous manufacturers of Swadeshi goods and they are pouring in great numbers. The Prant Panchayat in its last meeting sanctioned an amount of Rs. 1500- as a help to the Exhibition. Prospective applicants for the stalls may get full particulars from the Secretary on sending an anna stamp. In the meantime citizens of this Prant are requested to get themselves enlisted as members of the Reception Committee, a meeting of which will be held on the 12th inst. at 2 p.m. at the Laxman Hall to (1) fix the dates for the Session, (2) to elect Office-bearers, (3) to appoint a Sub-Committee for the Exhibition work and (4) dispose off any other work submitted by the Secretaries. All members enlisted before the 12th inst. will be eligible to vote at the meeting.

MUSLIMS NATIONALISTS.

Conference In March.

A meeting of the Nationalist Muslim Party held during Congress week in Lajpatnagar under the presidency of Maulana Abul Kalam Azad was attended, among others by Dr. Ansari, Dr. Alam, Dr. Kitchlew, Maulanas Abdul Qadir Qasuri, Zafarali, Habibullah, Rahman, Pir Shahanshah, Mr. Brelvi, Mr. Rafi Ahmad Kidwai, Mr. Shamsuddin Ahmad and Mr. Afzal Haq. There was a general discussion about the aims and objects of the party and the meeting confirmed the decision of the preliminary meeting at Allahabad in July last.

The following aims and objects were decided upon:

- (1) To promote among Moslems a spirit of nationalism, to develop a mentality above communalism and inspire into them greater confidence in national ideals;
- (2) To induce Moslems to take a proper share in the national struggle; and
- (3) To create such relations between the majority and minority communities as would lead the former to consider the rights of minorities in a spirit of broad-minded patriotism and true nationalism.

WORKING COMMITTEE.

A Working Committee consisting of the following was formed: Maulana Abul Kalam Azad (President), Dr. Ansari and Abdul Qadir Qasuri (Vice-Presidents), Mr. Rafi Ahmad Kidwai (Secretary), Messrs. Mahasit and Arif Hasvi (Joint Secretaries), Mr. Mohammed Akram Khan, Mr. Majlbur Rahman, Dr. Alam, Messrs. Khaliquzzaman, Brelvi, Asafali, T. A. K. Sherwani, Abdul Bari, Shah Mohamed, Zubair,

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Afzal Haq, Pir Shahanshah, and Maulana Zafarali.

The appointment of provincial sub-committees was confirmed and they were directed to organise branches by the end of January. Maulana Abul Kalam and Dr. Ansari were authorised to issue a statement regarding the party's programme. It was further decided to continue the conference of members of the Central Committee in the second week of March soon after 14.

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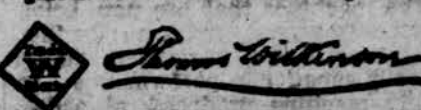
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ALLAHABAD KUMBH FAIR
Precautions Against Cholera Infection.

The Director of Information, Bombay, writes:—
"The great Kumbh Fair at Allahabad which comes off once in 12 years and is attended by pilgrims from all parts of India falls due during the current month and the month following. There is every possibility of the introduction of infection of cholera in this Presidency through the returning pilgrims, if due precautions are not taken. The Assistant Directors of Public Health, and specially those who have important pilgrim centres in their charges, have arranged to provide proper safeguards in consultation with the local authorities.

The Director of Public Health is of opinion that if it could be arranged, with the help and co-operation of local authorities, particularly of pilgrim centres, to keep a list of persons who are going to Allahabad for this festival and if these people are kept under observation for 7 days on their return, and the first case of cholera occurring among them reported to the Assistant Director by wire, it would go a long way in checking the spread of the disease, should it break out among the returning pilgrims.

The Director of Public Health, United Provinces, has been requested to intimate by wire, any case of cholera occurring among pilgrims from this Presidency to the Assistant Director of the Division in case of pilgrims from the mofussil and to the Executive Health Officer, Bombay, where pilgrims from the city of Bombay are concerned.

INOCULATION.

It would be an additional safeguard, and a very necessary one, if pilgrims proceeding to Allahabad could be induced to get themselves inoculated against cholera. 1,18,689 persons were inoculated in Sind, and 29,107 in the Presidency proper against this disease during the last season and the attacks and deaths from Cholera, among them were negligible. Facilities are being provided for inoculation at all pilgrim centres, at Civil Hospitals and Dispensaries of pilgrim centres and Railway Junctions.

Governor's Sind Relief Fund.

The list of further contributions towards H. E. the Governor's Sind Flood Relief Fund, is as under:—
Amount already announced Rs. 5,39,329-2-6. His Holiness Sardar Taher Saifuddin Pirsaheb of Daudood Bohras Rs. 10,000-0-0. The Collector of Ratnagiri Rs. 5,170-7-6. The Royal Institute of Science, Bombay Rs. 884-4-0. The Treasury Officer, Broach Rs. 588-0-0. The Postmaster General, Bombay, being contributions collected by him from his staff Rs. 414-0-0. The Superintendent of Post Offices Kan Division, Ratnagiri Rs. 169-0-0. Mr. N. V. Trivedi Rs. 10-0-0. Dr. T. D. Thomas Rs. 10-0-0. The Postmaster, Ahmednagar Rs. 7-14-0. The Poor Christian boys in the Primary School of the Union Training College, Ahmednagar, through Mrs. H. K. Wright Rs. 5-0-0. Mr. K. S. R. Iyer Rs. 5-0-0. Interest upto 31st December 1929 on Short Deposit Account, (Rs. 2,75,000) Rs. 1,567-5-2. Total Rs. 5,58,160-7-2.

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SCIENCE AND RELIGION.

(Continued from page 6).
bribe believers in him with Heaven, and threaten those who honestly cannot, with the punishment of Hell. If he is the author of all that is good he must also be that of all what is evil. His mercy and justice should not outrage human feelings, and his interposition in grave human crisis, (like during the late War) should be apparent to all.

THE CRUEL ILLUSION.

But why is Nature silent while the priests are loud and cocksure about the invisible God? Can we trust revelations and the words of his accredited Messengers, who all appeared thousands of years ago in obscure parts of the world, among semi-barbarians? Evidently no, since these messages have brought more misery and strife in this world than anything else. Can we believe the assurance of his self-appointed vicars on Earth? Do they deserve our confidence? Well, we do not owe our happiness to them. They have not added to our comfort, to our peace of mind, and to our prosperity. Their moral and spiritual remedy has been a failure, the late Great War proved it. What then? Let every one think what he likes, but there should be no cruel illusion and no false reliance.

UNTENABLE ARGUMENT.

Some seem to think that because a belief is universal it must be true. The belief in witchcraft was once universal, and so was that in the Devil. Jacques de Morgan in his "Humanite Prehistorique", and Sir Arthur Keith in his "Antiquity of Man", remind us that ideas were by no means restricted to one place even before the dawn of history. There is nothing innate in us, except love and hunger. Some think that if a God did not exist, whether he is personal or impersonal, the universe could not exist, as an orderly thing. They infer from this that God is an Eternal Intelligence, an Universal Mind, who has created and sustains the Universe. We are not in a position to affirm or deny this. But we can ask why should it be inferred that the Universe would be chaotic and disorderly without control? We have said that the Design Argument fails to prove the existence of an Engineer or Architect who built the Universe. Matter and Force have not a dozen ways to act. When you throw a stone it has not a dozen possible paths to travel. It is all a gratuitous assumption to say that molecules are "guided" to their proper position by any other than a mechanical force. There is nothing to prove that natural forces are erratic in action. Universal or Cosmic force acts uniformly, and there is nothing to compel belief that the Supreme Force of the Universe is a Supreme Being. We cannot conceive of the Universe coming into existence, out of nothing, and that it is, no more difficult to think of the Universe being Eternal and self sustaining than God is Eternal and self created. Our moral ideas are the result of our painful experience.

BOGGED MACHINE RETRIEVED.

Sir Alan Reaches Bulawayo.

LONDON, Jan. 6. Bulawayo—Sir Alan Cobham has retrieved his bogged machine and arrived here in it.—Reuter.

An Expected Failure.

LAHORE, Jan. 7. Commenting on the Shipping Conference, the "Hindu Herald" says:—

"The shipping Conference was to be expected, has ended in a fiasco. The British shipping interests would not allow agreement on any point. The psychology of the failure cannot have been more strikingly illustrated than by Sir Arthur Froom's interesting proposal that Indian firms should buy out British ships at the rate of one a year.—Free Press.

Flying Boat Tragedy.

LONDON, Jan. 6. Melbourne—Capt. Honourable Hugh Grosvenor and two companions were killed as result of flying boat in which they were travelling nosediving in Port Phillip Bay. Grosvenor was aide-de-camp to Governor of South Australia Sir Alexander Hore-Ruthven.—Reuter.

London—Sir Alexander Cobbe succeeds Sir Claud Jacob as Military Secretary, India Office.—Reuter.

Rugby—Captain Hugh Grosvenor, Aide-de-Camp to Sir Alexander Hore-Ruthven, Governor of South Australia, has been killed in a seaplane accident in Australia. He was the only son and heir of Lord Stalbridge.—E. O. W.

JOURNALISTS' CONFERENCE.

Need For Organisation.

The "Tribune" writes:—
Mr. Brelvi himself in his speech gave an excellent lead to the Conference. Speaking at a conference at Lahore it was impossible for one to give better or more helpful advice to the members of our profession than the President did when he said that they should do everything in their power to eradicate the curse of communalism. Nowhere is the press a greater sinner in this respect than in the Punjab, the strongest citadel of communalism in its worst and most extravagant form in all India. Apart from this general appeal to journalists, Mr. Brelvi sounded the right note when he asked them to organise themselves on Trade Union lines. The difficulty which journalists have to face and the disabilities under which they labour are many; they are admittedly graver and more numerous than in most other countries. And they will differ from Mr. Brelvi's view that the best and most effective way of combating the one and removing the other is an organisation like the one he suggested. The Conference itself, taking its cue from the President, passed a resolution authorising him to convene a conference of experienced journalists to discuss the question of forming an All-India Journalists' Organisation on Trade Union lines. By another resolution it requested the President "to take a census of the working journalists in India employed in daily or weekly journals or news agencies regarding the status, pay and prospects of the various grades of workers in the profession." The two resolutions are bound up together and provide the only foundation on which the edifice of an all-India organisation can be securely built.

Among other resolutions passed by the Conference there was one which called upon the journalist members of the Legislative Assembly to take steps to secure the repeal of the Princes Protection Act or, failing that, to have it amended so as to provide that all cases under the Act be tried at the place where the paper proceeded against is printed and published. The Conference also condemned the repressive policy of the Government with regard to independent newspapers as well as the policy followed in certain Indian States in suppressing freedom of the press and putting obstacles in the way of free and independent journalism. As regards prosecutions under Section 124A, the Conference voiced the general feeling of the public and the profession that they should invariably be held with the help of jury. Lastly, the Conference strongly condemned the treatment accorded to newspapers in certain parts of the country, especially in the Punjab, in the matter of granting or withholding passes for admission to Legislative Councils and courts of law, as well as the improper personal searches to which press representatives are sometimes subjected. Altogether the Conference did some good work, and we have no hesitation in congratulating the organisers on the success of their first effort.

WHY PEOPLE GROW OLD.

HOW TO RETAIN YOUTHFULNESS.

Sir Alan Reaches Bulawayo.

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MR. JAMNADAS MEHTA MAKES A STATEMENT.

Calls Boycott Decision "Disastrous."

TO SEEK RE-ELECTION

NEW DELHI, Jan. 7. Mr. Jamnadas Mehta has issued the following statement, which accompanied his resignation from the Legislative Assembly:—

"The independence resolution passed by the Lahore Congress was the only self-respecting course open for the nation, but its effect is considerably marred by the clause relating to the boycott of the legislatures. In my humble opinion, it was wholly unnecessary and mischievous and will lead to the weakening of the forces behind the Independence movement. That, in other countries, work in the Legislatures is not regarded as in any sense inconsistent with the movement for Independence is very strikingly illustrated by the recent elections in Egypt where the Wafd Party has been returned to Parliament in an overwhelming majority and those who are in touch with the conditions know very well that the Wafd Party stands for the absolute independence of its country. In Ireland, De Valera is fighting for an Irish Republic. At first he stood aloof from the Dail; but I know that a distinguished Indian whose name will be easily guessed, advised him to capture the Dail and in the general elections which followed in 1927, he very nearly captured one and a half of the seats. CREDITABLE ACHIEVEMENT. The achievements of Congressmen in the Assembly, judged by any standard, will redound to their credit. The defeat of the Reserve Bank Bill and the Public Safety Bill, and the withdrawal of the Hunger Strikers Bill would have been impossible without the presence of Congressmen and their tough opposition, while the intrepid President Patel has added one glorious feather after another to the Congress cap by his splendid independence and courage throughout. The Congress resolution in ignoring these vital matters, has done gross injustice to men who have served the country faithfully and selflessly for six long years.

"DISASTROUS AND OUTRAGEOUS." Both in the Subjects Committee and in the open Congress I made my opposition to the boycott of legislatures clear and unequivocal. I held that next to the Congress, the Legislatures are the most powerful platforms for carrying on a ceaseless war on the alien Government. Mr. Hajji's Bill is a measure of first

class importance, but in the absence of the men of the Congress from the Assembly, the Bill is doomed to failure. There is also the likelihood of additional taxation being proposed in the next budget. The revision of the railway convention will, I am afraid, saddle the country with a burden of ten crores of rupees a year unless adequate resistance is offered in the Committee and in the House. Instances can be multiplied to show that to surrender the Legislatures to the tender mercies of the enemies of India's freedom and withdraw our forces from that front would be exceedingly disastrous. The decision is rendered the more outrageous by the fact that lawyers are free to co-operate with the Government in the administration of law and receive payment for doing so, while public workers are not free, even at considerable self-sacrifice, to fight with the Government in the enactment of bad law. But during the national week, the flood of emotion sweeps away all opposition, however reasonable, and Mahatma Gandhi's personality carried everything before it.

While this is my view about the boycott of the legislatures, I have no doubt as to the course which I am going to adopt. Having got elected on the Congress ticket, I feel bound in honour to redeem my pledge and resign my seat. I am sending my resignation simultaneously with the issue of this statement.

TO SEEK RE-ELECTION?

I notice from the papers that Pandit Motilal Nehru wants me to send a copy of my resignation to him. With all respect, I am unable to follow Panditji's attitude in this matter. With the boycott of the legislatures, the Congress Party in the Assembly stands dissolved and he cannot claim to be the Leader of a Party that does not exist. I therefore, fail to understand what is his authority for making this requisition. It only shows that while he wrongly advised Mahatmaji regarding the boycott of the Legislatures, he has not himself yet got rid of the Assembly mentality. I shall however gladly send a copy to Panditji. I have not yet decided whether I shall seek re-election, but I earnestly appeal to my constituency not to promise their votes to any one until I return to Bombay in a day or two."—A. P.

OPEN SCHOOLS & HOSTELS

Mahars' Plea For Promoting Education.
WANTED PREFERENCE IN GOVT. JOBS.

The Depressed Classes and Aboriginal Tribes Committee met again on Tuesday afternoon at the Council Hall, and received in the course of the day deputations from the Mahar, Chambhar, Mang and Bhangli communities headed by their leaders. The Mahar deputation, examined by the Chairman, stated that the best way of improving the lot of their community was the promotion of primary and secondary education among their boys. That could be done, they suggested, by opening schools and hostels for them. Scholarships provided for the depressed classes boys were not enough to meet the growing need. The deputations observed that it was feasible to apply compulsory primary education to their community. They were in favour of joint hostels being started for the boys of depressed classes.

Chairman:—Would you like to take to shoe-making as a profession?—Mahars don't like it because that is not their profession. The deputations advocated the establishment of an employment bureau for finding suitable vocations for the boys of depressed classes. The depressed classes candidates for Government jobs, they recommended, should be given a preferential treatment at the time of selection. They further asserted that the Mahar community as a whole was in favour of the abolition of "Mahariki" (forced labour) provided that did not involve the forfeiture of the Watan lands which they had been enjoying from times immemorial. Chairman:—Would they pay small prices for these Watan lands by instalments?—Where is the necessity for that? Government can give these lands to the Mahars free of cost in recognition of the

ing to the different depressed classes might not have any objection to partake of that food. The deputations strongly advocated the appointment of a special officer for the whole Presidency with adequate staff under him solely for the purpose of looking after the educational and economical progress of the depressed classes. The subordinate staff should be recruited generally from the depressed classes. They would prefer to have a European, failing that, a non-Hindu to hold this post and he should have the sole charge. EDUCATION OF GIRLS.

The deputations further recommended that girls of depressed classes should have compulsory primary education and after that instead of giving them further literary training, they should be given training in domestic matters. Discussing the question of housing accommodation, the deputations suggested that the depressed classes should be given waste lands at special concession rates on loan system by Government at places where the men permanently lived. The Government should also help these classes by advancing them loans for erecting buildings.

BHANGIS' GRIEVANCES. The deputation of the Bhangli community headed by Mr. Samant Nanji Marwari, Secretary, Meghwal Sudharak Sabha of Bombay, bitterly complained that Government officers in villages did not care to enforce the laws which were passed with a view to safeguarding the interests of the depressed classes. As an illustration he pointed out that there was a Government resolution already on record that all public wells were open to the depressed classes along with the higher castes but the fact was that a majority of depressed class people never got the advantage of these wells because they were illiterate and had no knowledge of their rights. They wanted the Government officials to take the depressed class people by hand, lead them to the public wells and thus train these classes in their social rights. The officials did not do anything of the kind simply because Government was not anxious about the uplift of the depressed classes. Mr. Samant advocated starting of special hostels for the boys of Bhangis.

Discussing the harassment inflicted on the depressed classes by the "Begar" (enforced labour) system, Mr. Samant vigorously protested against women being used for "Begar". He had heard of cases, he said, where women while doing these "Begar" were indecently assaulted by peons etc. There was a great moral degradation on account of this "Begar" system. The Bhangis had come to believe that they were born to do "Begar" for other people. Moreover there was considerable economic loss as their own work had to be laid aside while going on begar.

Future Of Railway Accountants.

CALCUTTA, Jan. 6. Presiding at the annual Conference of Railway Accountant and Auditors this evening Mr. A. A. L. Parsons pleaded for closer co-operation at every stage between the Railway Accountant and Auditor and the Railway Administration and executive to their mutual advantage in the attainment of efficient and economic working of Indian railway system. There was in his judgment great opportunity for railway accountant in India to-day. He was integral part of railway administration of economy should be very specially his province. Mr. Parsons was elected President for the ensuing year.—A. P.

CABLE ITEMS.

Rugby—Sir Monague Sheppard, the well-known judge, died on Monday morning, aged 73. Until his recent retirement he had been a Judge in the King's Bench Division since 1914. In earlier days he was a prominent athlete.—B. O. W.
Rugby—Sir Robert Vansittart will to-morrow take up his duties as permanent Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs in succession to Sir Ronald Lindsay. Sir Ronald leaves England in about two months' time to assume his post as the new Ambassador at Washington.—B. O. W.
Rugby—His Majesty the King has approved of the appointment of Mr. William Seeds, His Majesty's High Commissioner on the Inter-Allied Rhineland High Commission, to be Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary at Rio de Janeiro.—B. O. W.

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Authorised Capital	Rs. 5,50,00,000
Capital Paid-up	1,68,13,200
Reserve Fund	75,00,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	1,68,13,200
	4,11,26,400

As on 30th June 1929.
Total Assets ... 16,35,00,000
LESS—Total Deposits and Other Liabilities ... 13,81,00,600

SURPLUS ... 2,54,00,000
ADD—Reserve Liability of Shareholders ... 1,68,13,200
TOTAL SURPLUS ... 4,22,13,200

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do. 21st Jan. Sett. 67-4
4 p.c. Bombay Port Trust 70-0
4 p.c. 1934-37 Loan 70-0

INDIAN COTTON CROP NEWS.

Daily Arrivals At Various Centres.

BOMBAY PATDAR RATES.			
Bombay, Jan. 7.	Bales.	Rs.	
Arrives Rate.			
Ujjain	1000	300/5	
Indore	300	250/70	
Ratlam	80	300/30	
Sennabad	200	270/75	
Bir	200	270/75	
Buranpur	200	270/75	
Amalner	300	255/60	
Dhulia	300	260/65	
Thopda	100	270/75	
Nagpur	400	290/25	
Lyaipur (Sindh-American)	200	310/20	
Lyapur (Desh)	400	225/30	
Onkara	500	310/15	
Abohar	450	310/20	
Tandianwada	300		
Amraoti	350	255/60	
Amraoti	350	255/60	
Barsi Kurrurwada	200	255/60	
Ganga Khed	200	255/60	
Carts Rates.			
Arrivals Rs.			
Khandwa	600	280/70	
Wardha	650	265/70	
Wun	600	270/75	
Pandharwada	400	270/75	
Yeotmal	450	270/75	
Arvi	600	270/75	
Nanded	350	310/20	
Latur	200	315/25	
Parbhani	300	300/5	
Khandesh		240/50	
Ahmednagar		250/55	
Jalna		250/55	
Bijapur		250/55	
Bengal U. P.		210/15	
Khamgam	800	250/60	
Jalgaoon		255/60	
C. P. No. 2		285/70	
Kudch		280/90	
Mathia		235/45	
Pachora		255/60	
Purna	200	290/95	
Harda	200	280/65	
Pandharpur	200	265/75	
Hingoli	200	255/60	
Karanji	200	260/65	
Sailu	150	255/60	
Shedbal		260/70	
Pandurna		225/30	
Kasur (Bengal)		265/70	
Hinganghat		265/70	
Warora		245/50	
Pulgaon	200	245/50	
Ranala		245/50	
Nandarbar		245/50	
Katol		275/80	
Vamboria		245/50	
Sirpur		255/60	
Malikapur		255/60	
Sanavad		255/60	
Kumta		280/300	
Thrupur Cambodia		250/55	
Dhondycha		250/55	
Eronol		260/65	
Banar		270/75	
Sindhi		260/65	
Khirkia		215/20	
Ghurja		220/25	
Hansi		220/25	
Warangam		250/55	
Sindurni		250/55	
Chalgaon		260/65	
Budhanavar	50	330/40	
Akola	350	255/30	
Khanewar		315/20	
Tobataxi		315/20	
Aratwala		315/20	
Multan (Sindh-American)		315/20	
Surghoda		315/20	
Nandgaon		350/55	
Nizamabad		245/50	
Nandgaon		250/55	
Nimuch		240/45	
Nandura		255/60	
Puchor		300/25	
Mandusar	300	300/20	
Bhavaniganj	350	300/20	
Bir		255/60	
Jagadia		355/60	
Dabhol		300/5	
Itola		300/5	
Samlaya		300/5	
Miyagam		300/5	

Money Market.

EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Jan. 7.

B. C. RATE:
T T 1/5 7/8
D D 1/5 29/32
LONDON:
Banks Selling T T 1/5 29/32
Ready.
Banks Selling D D 1/5 15/16
Banks Selling T T 1/5 29/32
January.
Banks Selling T T 1/5 29/32
February.
Banks Selling T T 1/5 29/32
March.
Banks Buying T T 1/5 15/16
Cash.
Banks Buying D D 1/6 Near.
Banks Buying T T 1/5 31/32
January.
Banks Buying 3 Mos. 1/6 7/32
Mail.
Banks Buying 3 Mos. 1/6 7/32
January.
Banks Buying 3 Mos. 1/6 7/32.
February.
Banks Buying 3 Mar. 1/6 7/32
NEW YORK:
B. C. Rate T T 275 1/2
Banks Selling T T 274 3/4
Banks Buying T T 273 3/4
PARIS:
Banks Selling D D 922.
Banks Buying D D 932.
Banks Buying 3 Mos. 940.
JAPAN:
Banks Selling T T 134 5/8
Banks Buying 60 Days 132 1/2
HONGKONG:
Banks Selling D D 110 1/2.
SHANGHAI:
Banks Selling D D 136 3/4
SINGAPORE:
Banks Selling D D 155 3/8
JAWA:
Banks Selling D D 90 1/8.
CROSS RATE:
New York/London 4.87 5/16 6th inst.
Shanghai/London 2/0 1/4 7th inst.
Japan/London 2/0 5/32 6th inst.
London/Paris 123.90 6th inst.
London/Belgium 34.920 6th inst.
London/Switzerland 25.12 1/4 6th inst.
London/Italy 93.20 6th inst.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—
Quiet.
Gold £4-4-11 4th inst. £4-4-11 1/2 6th inst.
Silver London Ready 20 15/16
4th inst. 20 5/8 6th inst.
Silver London Forward 20 15/16
20 9/16 6th inst.
Silver New York Ready 45 5/8
4th inst. 45 6th inst.
London Discounts 3 Mos 4 9/32
per cent. 4th inst. 4 1/4 per cent.
6th inst.
London Discounts 6 Mos 4 9/32
per cent. 4th inst. 4 1/4 per cent.
6th inst.
Imperial Bank Rate 7 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 5 per cent.
Money:—Inter Bank Call 4 per cent. Nominal. 3 Mos 5 per cent.
6 Mos 5 per cent. 12 Mos 4 per cent.
Tone:—Quiet.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Bombay, Jan. 7.
With a limited business the quotations for Government Securities fluctuated within a narrow range. Although there is no important change compared with yesterday's closing, there was somewhat better demand for 3 1/2 per cent. ready loan. To-day's closing prices were as under:—
(Dable to Income Tax.)
Rs.
3-1/2 p.c. G. P. Notes Ready 67-7
do. 21st Jan. Sett. 67-4
4 p.c. Bombay Port Trust 70-0
4 p.c. 1934-37 Loan 70-0

QUOTATION'S OF LOCAL MILL CLOTH.

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Bombay, Jan. 7.

Textile per lb. 0 11 9
Century " 0 11 9
Karimbhoi " 0 10 0
Gold Mohor " 0 11 3
Moon " 0 11 9
LONG CLOTH (full weight)
34/40 in. lb. 0 15 0
Century 91 1/2-92 1/2 per lb. 0 14 6
Century 6404-8705 per lb. 0 14 6
Pahal (Mahal) " 0 15 0
Pehlad " 0 14 3
Pabany (Phool-mala) " 0 14 6
Manekji (Patangia) " 0 14 0
Daud Sahib " 0 14 0
LONG CLOTH (Light weight)
No. 5202/5303.
Rachael Mill per lb. 0 15 0
David " 0 15 0
Moon " 0 15 0
Phoenix " 0 15 0
Jam " 0 14 0
Apollo " 0 15 0
LONG CLOTH x Quality
David " 0 14 0
Swan Finlay " 0 15 0
Apollo " 0 14 0
Gold Mohor " 0 14 6
Century " 0 14 9
LONG CLOTH Satin Calendar
34-42 in. Textile (Hand) per lb. 0 13 6
Spring (Merchant) " 0 13 6
Century (Bugle) " 0 13 6
Apollo (Fyala) " 0 13 6
Tata Mill (Darji) " 0 14 0
Sakuntia " 0-3 6
Manekji (Kunda) " 0 12 6
Pehlad (Siwala) " 0 13 2
Rachael " 0 13 6
David " 0 13 3
Maher " 0 13 0
Kachhwa " 0 13 0
Moon " 0 13 3
LEPAD
Spring " 0 13 6
Textile (Bycycle) " 0 13 6
Century " 0 13 3
Moon Mill " 0 15 9
3732 Moon " 0 15 6
3842 Mayer " 0 15 6
DHOOTIES v s s Yards.
Spring (Balance) per lb. 1 0 0
Textile (Bycycle) " 0 15 6
Jacob " 0 15 6
David " 0 14 3
Century " 0 15 9
Moon Mill " 0 15 9
3732 Moon " 0 15 6
3842 Mayer " 0 15 6
DHOOTIES 10 Yards.
Spring (balance) " 0 15 0
Textile (Bycycle) " 0 14 6
Century " 0 14 3
Moon Mill " 0 14 9
Jacob " 0 14 9
Moon Mill " 0 14 9
3732 Tata " 0 14 3
David " 0 14 3
GIN COLOURED—
No. 1515 Tulsidas " 1 0 0
No. 1515 Tulsidas " 1 0 0

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4488 .. 11 12 0
8383 .. 8 10 0
38 .. 8 14 0
9898 .. 9 8 0
8015 .. 8 8 0
9797 .. 8 9 0
6300 .. 9 2 0
44000 .. 9 12 0
Peech .. 10 15 0

BLACK CHECK—
5800 Sholapur .. 8 10 0
SALITA—
Tata Per lb. 0 14 3
Spring (Merchant) " 0 13 9
DUKDI Yards 12-13-14.
Kanta " 1 1 0
Victoria " 1 0 3
Phoenix " 1 1 6
Framji " 1 1 0

DHOTI PITA CHIRMA—
Yards 5 to 9
China " 0 15 9
Moon " 0 15 9
Phoenix " 0 15 9
Maher " 0 15 6
Simplex " 0 15 0

Yards 10.
China " 0 15 6
Moon " 0 15 6
Phoenix " 0 15 6
Maher " 0 15 6
Simplex " 0 15 0

LINSEED AND WHEAT.
Bombay, Jan. 7.
Wheat May 7 8 6
Wheat Jan. 7 5 3
Linseed May. 12 3 3
Castorseed May. 9 1 0
Cottonseed 3 15 0
Groundnuts Feb. 9 13 0
Teelseed Jan. 11 3 0
Linseed Bold ready 13 0 0
Linseed Small ready 12 12 0
Gram Punjab May 46 0 0
Mawarabams 7 12 0
Myrabollams 22 0 0
Poppyseed 24 8 0

PRODUCE RECEIPTS.
Bombay, Jan. 7.
Khandesh 3,081
Central India 5,343
Barsi/Nugger 687
Hyderabad-Gaorani 118
Berar 4,607
Central Provinces 3,864
Cholera 4,687
N.W. Provinces 2,480
Rajputana 732
Sind-Punjab 2,068
Broach 549
Compta-Dharwar 410
Western-Northern 87
Cotton 28,713

Wheat 1,881
Linseed 2,157
Rape, Rai & Mustardseeds 297
Gingellyseeds 709
Poppyseeds 180
Groundnuts 33,647
Cottonseeds 27,508
Rice 8,329
Myrabollams 4,535
Cottonseeds 27,508
Mowraseeds 26
Joowar 1,172
Bajree 1,287
Coal 5,031
1,518

THE SEEDS TRADERS' ASSOCIATION.
Bombay, Jan. 7.
Castorseed Delivery May Opening Rs. 45-11 Lowest Rs. 45-4 Closing Rs. 45-11.
Groundnut Seeds Delivery February Opening Rs. 49-11. Highest Rs. 50 Lowest Rs. 49-9 Closing Rs. 49-13-6.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.
The weather has been generally dry over the country except for local rain in southeast Madras. A western disturbance is approaching the frontier.
Chief amounts: Sonamarg quarter inch; Cuddalore and Negapattam two each; Madras one and Pamban quarter.
Forecast:—Rainfall is likely to decrease in southeast Madras—A. P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.
Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending at 8 a.m. of 7-1-1930.
Barometer (corrected to 32 deg. F.) at 8 a.m. 29.985 inches (0.015 below normal).
Barometer (corrected to (sardin) Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours plus .005.
Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 68.7 degrees.
Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 62.8
Maximum temperature during 24 hours 79.7 degrees (3.8 below normal)

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 63.4 degrees (3.8 below normal)
Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 79 per cent.
Direction of wind at 8 a.m. ENE
Total movement of wind in 24 hours 168 miles.
Velocity at 8 a.m. 7 miles per hour.
Total movement of wind in 24 hours at 8 a.m. 168 miles.
Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 22 miles per hour.
Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy)—100

POCKET DIARY FOR 1930

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BOMBAY WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 8, 1930.

PT. MALAVIYA ON ROUND TABLE CONFERENCE.

Move To Hold Convention In March Or April.

NEW DELHI, Jan. 6. It is understood that Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya is in communication with representatives of other political parties who are in favour of representative Indians participating in the proposed Round Table Conference with a view to hold a convention of all such parties at Delhi towards the end of March or the beginning of April. He is also communicating with the Standing Committee of the Chamber of Princes with a view to have informal conferences with the Committee on the question of the future relation of the States with the New Dominion Government of India for settlement of matters of common concern to both parties. Pandit Malaviya left for Allahabad to-night.—A. P.

A NEW PARTY FOR CONGRESSMEN.

Mr. Chagla's Move.

BOMBAY, Jan. 6. Mr. M. C. Chagla in a statement to the press stresses the need for a party to take up work voluntarily surrendered by the Congress. He said:—

"I have returned from Lahore after being a distant but by no means uninterested spectator of the Congress proceedings. The strongest impression that was left upon my mind was that there is a large section—much larger than we imagine—which is utterly and profoundly dissatisfied with the decisions that the Congress has reached. This section has perforce to remain silent and inactive as there is no political organisation through which it could give expression to its views or carry on a systematic propaganda in support of its opinions. The Liberal Federation lacks both popular appeal and the capacity for organisation. This section feels that if it left the Congress it would be committing political suicide. The platform, the press, the popularity of which the Congress has in its power to give would be straightaway forfeited. Therefore the occasion has now definitely come when a party should be formed consisting of men holding advanced views who do not see eye to eye with the philosophico-political-socialists in the Congress who are at present shaping the destinies of that body. Apart from this section in the Congress, there is a large volume of public opinion which finding it impossible to all itself either with the Congress or with the Liberals, cannot make itself felt.

This party need not be formed to fight the Congress. We do not fight with our own people. We have enough enemies against whom our energies might well be directed. But this Party will take up the work which the Congress has voluntarily surrendered. In the first place as a result of the impending resignations of Congress members from the Legislatures, there will be many bye-elections.

On a similar occasion in Ireland, the Republican Party could enforce its decision that the vacant seats should not fall to members of other parties. The Congress does not command that influence, nor has it that power. There will be bye-elections and a fairly large percentage of voters will go to the polls. Which party is going to look after the interests of these voters and to see that the proper candidates are returned? The splendid national service rendered by the Congress in the Assembly will have to be rendered by some other party, else these positions will be captured by the enemy.

PINNING FAITH TO DOMINION STATUS.

Secondly, notwithstanding the rejection of the invitation by the Congress, the Round Table Conference is going to be held. The case of our country must not go by default. Pinning its faith to Dominion Status this Party must endeavour to bring about a Hindu-

Muslim settlement and to present a case at the Conference which has the backing of a very large section of public opinion in India. This is not the time for silence or "laissez-faire". Every one who feels that the Congress has taken a step which will nationally prejudice the interests of our country and jeopardise its future, must rally together and establish some organisation which will step into the breach caused by the action of the Congress.—A. P.

CONGRESS MEMBERS OF U. P. COUNCIL.

Attitude Towards Council Boycott.

ALLAHABAD, Jan. 7. It appears from a statement made by Mr. A. P. Dube, M.L.C., that Congress members of the United Provinces Legislative Council will be guided in respect of the Congress resolution reading Council boycott, by the action of their leader, Pandit Gobind Ballabh Pant.—A. P.

Bengal Resignations.

CALCUTTA, Jan. 6. It is understood that eight more Congress members including Dr. Bidhan Chandra Roy, Deputy Leader of the Congress Council Party, Messrs. Nalini Ranjan Sarkar, Manmathanath Ray, Santosh-kumar Basu and Prabhudayal Himsat Singh have resigned their seats in the Bengal Legislature in pursuance of the Congress mandate. Mr. Ramprasad Mookerjee has resigned his seat in the Council of State.—A. P.

Dr. Hardikar To See Mahatma.

LAHORE, Jan. 7. Dr. N. S. Hardikar and party left last night for Delhi en route to Sabarmati where he is going on an invitation to see Mahatma Gandhi.—Free Press.

RESIGNATIONS FROM LEGISLATURES.

Lala Hansraj & Mr. Haq Obey Congress Mandate.

LAHORE, Jan. 7. In obedience to the Congress mandate, Lala Hansraj, M.L.A., and Mr. Afzal Haq, M.L.C., have resigned their membership of the Legislative Assembly and Punjab Legislative Council respectively.—A. P.

CALL TO THE "ELDERS."

Hon. Mr. Ramdas Pantulu On Congress Mandate.

MADRAS, Jan. 7. Mr. V. Ramdas Pantulu, leader of the Congress Party in the Council of State has tendered the resignation of his membership of the Council of State and addressed individual Congress members of that Council requesting them to resign their seats.

MR. PANTULU'S STATEMENT. In a statement Mr. Pantulu says that members of the Council of State elected in 1925 are in a different position from Congressmen elected to the Assembly and Councils in 1926 in regard to election pledges and are not under any technical obligation to resign their seats but the fact remains that the Swarajist members of the Council of State used the name and prestige of the Congress in their election campaign and became merged in the Congress Party after 1926. Any technical plea on their part in answer to the Congress decision would tend to lower the standard of public life in the country. The proper course for Congressmen in disagreement with the Lahore decisions about the boycott of councils is to resign their seats and seek re-election on non-Congress ticket if they desired to re-enter the Council.—A. P.

CHINESE SPECULA- TORS PANICKY.

BANK'S CAUTIOUS- NESS.

Sequel To Decline In Silver Market.

SHANGHAI, Jan. 6. Continued severe decline in silver is causing a serious situation in the exchange. Under this pressure, speculators and merchants are buying currency, and the Banks, as a precautionary measure, have refused to sell unless thoroughly covered on every transaction. This decision has caused panic among speculators, hundreds of whom are believed to be in serious difficulties.

New low records for tael and high records for Gold bars were continually registered but the market closed above the worst.—Reuters Special.

NON-GERMAN REPARA- TIONS.

Bulgaria Pleads Poverty.

LONDON, Jan. 7. Hague.—The Committee on non-German reparations is making very slow progress. Bulgaria, like Austria, pleaded poverty, and that she was unable to bear heavy reparations. So, the drafting Committee is examining the alternative scheme for Bulgaria.

TIME OF REPAYMENTS. The German Reparations Committee is progressing satisfactorily. It discussed whether Germany should remit payments at the end of the middle of month. Germany considers the point important because she will lose four and a half million gold marks annually in the interest if payments are made in the middle of the month. Discussion regarding sanctions in the case of Germany's default continues.—Reuters.

LAHORE ARRESTS.

Four Persons Released On Bail.

LAHORE, Jan. 7. Kiran Chandra Das, brother of the late Jaiindranath Das, Ramkishan, Milkhiram and Virendra, who were arrested here on the 24th December, have been released on bail of Rs. 10,000 each.

MEERUT CASE.

Orders To Be Passed On Thursday.

MEERUT, Jan. 7. Orders in the Meerut "Conspiracy" case which were fixed for to-day, have again been postponed till Thursday, January 9.—Free Press.

Mr. A. R. Iyengar's Statement.

MADRAS, Jan. 7. Mr. A. Rangaswami Iyengar, M.L.A., has issued the following statement to his constituency:—"The resolution of the Lahore Congress on Independence and its consequent decision calling upon Congressmen in the Legislatures to tender their resignations have made it my duty as a member of the Assembly elected on the Congress ticket to tender the resignation of my seat in the Assembly notwithstanding my disagreement with the decisions contained in the resolution. I desire to inform my constituency that for reasons mainly personal I do not propose to seek election to the Assembly again for the present."—A. P.

OPIUM IN MOTOR ENGINE.

Benares Smuggler Sen- tenced.

STUFF VALUED AT
RS. 1,700 RECOVERED.

BENARES, Jan. 7. The City Magistrate, Benares, convicted to-day Kalkiprasad Kalwar on a charge of smuggling 14 seers of opium valued at Rs. 1,700 and sentenced him to one year's rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 1,000 in default of which further imprisonment for six months.

It is alleged that the accused placed the opium in a motor engine, enclosed the engine in a box and despatched it as a parcel from Benares Cantonment to Calcutta for sale.—A. P.

Need For General Reduction In Capital Expenditure

CALCUTTA, Jan. 7. At the meeting with Mr. A. L. Parsons, Financial Commissioner for Railways with the Government of India, Mr. Naliniranjan Sardar, Vice-President of the Bengal National Chamber of Commerce, placing the demands of the Chamber before him suggested the need for a general reduction in the prevailing capital expenditure. Mr. Parsons discussed the points with the members of the Committee.—Free Press.

BOMBAY COTTON BROKERS.

E. I. C. Association Comes In For Criticism.

DONATION FOR TRADING HALL.

The annual meeting of the Bombay Cotton Brokers' Association, Limited, was held in Sheikh Meemon Street, Bombay on Tuesday, Mr. Anandilal Poddar presiding.

CRITICISM OF E. I. C. ASSOCIATION.

The annual report of the Association stated that after the unfortunate communal riots in Bombay, the Committee were able to fix the trading hours from 12 noon to 5-30 p.m. The Committee did not approve of the proposed amendments to the bye-laws Nos. 33, 36, 45, 55, 61, 72 and 124 (B) of the East India Cotton Association, Ltd., and issued a mandate to the representatives of the Brokers' panel to vote against the amendments, as they would, if passed, indirectly give permanency to the trading hours being 11 to 2 at Sewri. The amendments were finally lost in the Representative Committee of the E. I. C. Association.

DONATION FOR TRADING HALL.

The report of the Committee of the Association for the year ending 1st November, 1929, mentioned the fact that Seth Sunjmal Neman had donated a sum of Rs. 1,00,000 for the provision of a trading hall for the use of the members of the Association in order to perpetuate the memory of his late father, Seth Shivanarayan Neman.

The Chairman having formally moved the adoption of the report, Mr. Legat, "upta, in support of the motion, expressed his regret that the Board of the East India Cotton Association had refused to revert to the old time of appeal and survey at Sewri, although the wish of the trade in general was for such reversion. He declared that the policy of the Board in that respect was to be condemned. This policy was due, he said, to the constitution of the East India Association, in which special racial discrimination prevailed and by which special favours and privileges had been conferred upon a privileged community in all the so-called panels of the Association.

ABUSE OF POWERS.

Police Force Ingrained With Vices.

COMMITTEE'S STRIC- TURES.

SHILLONG, Jan. 6. The Assam Civil Police Committee which was appointed by the Legislative Council with Sir Muhammad Saadulla as Chairman, has noted with regret that the relations between police and public are unsatisfactory and there is mistrust and fear instead of co-operation and faith. The main causes leading to this unfortunate state of affairs are the abuse of the powers with which the policeman is invested by the law of the land. The Committee holds that the vices which make the police offices unpopular with the public have become so ingrained in the present members of the subordinate police that they cannot be removed by the mere issue of circulars.

The Committee emphasises that they should realise that they are not masters of the public, but are servants of the tax-payer that they possess great powers and have also great responsibilities and that the essence of policeman's duty is politeness.

The Committee generally hold that with better pay and prospects it will not be difficult to get sufficiently educated youths of the province to join as constables.—A. P.

"Do Us The Courtesy Of Reading It!"

Sir Hari Singh Gour's Lament.

(From Our Correspondent.)
NAGPUR, Jan. 4.

"Our Report has been received by the Indian Press with a bias which it did not deserve," said Dr. Sir Hari Singh Gour replying to the critics of Indian Central Committee's report in an interview to-day. Proceeding he said:—"We are told that our Report does not even raise India to a Dominion Status. If the public would care to read our Report they would find that in its sum total it frames a constitution for the future Government of India, which is favourably comparable to the latest phase of that term. It must be remembered that India contains autonomous political bodies absent elsewhere in the British Commonwealth. The Nehru Report leaves them alone; but we could not; and it is one of the points upon which we had the misfortune to differ from some of our colleagues, but upon which the Prime Minister's letter of the 25th October is our complete answer.

"The term Dominion Status is itself now a historic solecism, while the attribute of full sovereignty and co-equal partnership with England in the British Commonwealth was only recognized and declared by the last Imperial Conference only three years ago. "I would invite those who decried it to do us the courtesy of at least perusing the long explanatory memorandum to which I have subscribed. It is all the more necessary that the public opinion in this country should be reasoned and reasonable for our Report is at the present moment before the Simon Commission and presumably influencing their decision."

world the brokers or the commission agents were the members and they only controlled and governed the affairs of the exchanges. But in Bombay the position was different. The various minorities were given predominance. In the East India Cotton Association the millowners, who were the consumers of cotton, possessed special rights. Mr. Gupta urged that they should get the present constitution changed.

Mr. Chunilal B. Mehta supported the resolution, which was carried.

POONA DAY BY DAY.

REALIGNMENT OF POLITICS FORE- SHADOWED.

(From Our Correspondent).

POONA, Jan. 6.

As is being foreshadowed in these letters, the new realignment in the politics of Maharashtra seems to be seriously considered. The Nationalist Party that to-day controls the Provincial Congress Committee does not take kindly to the Lahore Congress resolutions. This Party is bound to give up the Congress offices and hand them over to the other wing in Maharashtra. An urgent meeting of the Provincial Congress Committee is convened on the 12th to consider the very question of execution of the Lahore Congress programme and also the situation created by the Lahore resolutions.

The meeting takes place at 3 in the noon in the Sarvajnik Sabha Hall. Perhaps the present office-bearers may tender their resignations and offer the Committee to those who are willing to do the Congress programme. It may be that, if the Nationalist Party hands over the Congress Committee, a new Party will have to be founded with a programme and principles for the whole of Maharashtra, joining together the old Home Rule League, the Swarajya Party and the Besantist Party. Perhaps, on the tendering of their resignations by the present office-bearers the general body of the Provincial Congress Committee being dominated by the Nationalists, may not accept the resignations. Then there will be a dead-lock. The opinion among the Nationalist leaders of Maharashtra is that those who do not wish to carry out the mandate of the Congress should not stick to the offices but generously resign them in favour of those who are bent upon executing the Congress programme. On Sunday next the whole problem will be finally solved.

MAHARASHTRIANS IN LAHORE. About fifty to sixty Maharashtrians attended the Lahore Congress. All of them have now returned. I had long talks with the more prominent among them on the state of arrangements for Maharashtrians at Lahore. All of them confessed themselves to be entirely disappointed with the treatment accorded to the province of Maharashtra. In the delegates' camp, there was no camp reserved for Maharashtra as for other provinces. After some complaints, some tents out of the Karnatak camp were separated from it and given to Maharashtrians. Then in the Congress pandal, there was no 'bloc' marked out for Maharashtra delegates to occupy. They sat in the Berar bloc and the fact came to notice of the Reception Committee authorities only at the time of voting on the principal resolution, when a rope was tied round and a bloc improvised. The same was the case at the place where delegates' badges and tickets were given. There was no window with the board of Maharashtra to it. When some delegates brought this fact to the attention of the proper authorities, they only said that they had forgotten Maharashtra!

CHILDREN'S DAY. On the lines of the Baby Week, the Children's Day is proposed to be held by the Teachers' and Superintendents' Club organised by Principal Tavade of the Training College for Men. The day is to be celebrated sometime in March and the following is the tentative programme for the purpose:—1 To request all newspapers and journalists to write articles emphasizing the duties of parents towards children; 2 To request managers of cinemas to exhibit special films about that Day; 3 To request doctors and physicians to give lectures for the benefit of parents; 4 To include for the present children in Primary and Middle schools in Poona, in the functions of the Day; 5 to request parents to observe this day as a festival day; 6 to take a children's

procession through the city to the Shivaji statue beyond the Lloyd Bridge, 7 to hold some sports on that ground and 8 to hold public meetings for parents.

TASK BEFORE UNTOUCH- ABLES.

(From Our Correspondent.)

POONA, Jan. 6.

Last Thursday the local Congress Committee held a public meeting on the open compound in front of the Peshwa's Palace, "Shanwarwada". Professor Shankar Rao Rajwade was in the chair. Professor Rajwade dealt with the Congress politics at great length and explained the political activities of the different parties in India regarding India's independence. It was good that the Congress had passed the move of resolution about independence which was appreciated and approved by all.

Another speaker Mr. Tulpule said that he was not in favour of the boycott of the Councils as the previous experience proved us that it was their mistake in giving up the Council seats.

Mr. Balooak Kanitkar appealed to Indian women to take part in the fight for independence with men.

TASK BEFORE UNTOUCHABLES!

The Untouchables as usual send some of their members to the Parvati temple to get the desired entry into it but the passage to the inner part of the temple is closed by the temple custodians. The Untouchables have succeeded in reaching only up to the stone-bull where they go and spend some hours.

There are thousands of Untouchables in Poona but their education is absolutely pitiable. The Seva Sadan is open for the "untouchable" women they should send their girls as well as women to learn the most beneficial work started for them only. These are not the days of temples, mosques, and churches; but of education, trade, industry and social reforms. If the leaders of the Untouchables work well, these poor class people undoubtedly will see some better days soon. We should save them from starvation we should give them work and should wake them up from their ignorance and lethargy.

SMALL-POX AND MORTALITY.

The city recorded 11 attacks and the same number of deaths from small-pox on the 3rd instant. One case of plague proved fatal.

INTER-CLASS DINNER.

Owing to the enthusiastic efforts of Mr. Nandagobli M.L.C. of Berar an inter-class dinner was arranged last week and all classes of untouchables and some caste Hindus were invited. It was a very good and successful dinner.

GARDEN PARTY AT MADRAS GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

MADRAS, Jan. 7. The Governor and Lady Beatrix Stanley gave a garden party at Government House, Guindy, this afternoon. This function which was the first of its kind held at Government House since Sir George Stanley assumed Governorship proved a most brilliant one. About 1,500 guests had responded to the invitation.—A. P.

His Excellency the Governor of Bombay received a deputation from the Sardars and Inamdars Central Association at Government House on Tuesday.

His Excellency the Governor of Bombay and Lady Sykes dined with Rear Admiral and Mrs. Walwyn on Tuesday.

Lady Sykes visited the Seva Sadan on Tuesday.

We or our authorised Agents will be pleased to give any such further information as desired.
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DETAILS ON PAGE 7.